

# THE CHELSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

"Of the People and for the People."

VOLUME 23.

CHELSEA, MICH., THURSDAY, AUG 2, 1894.

Single Copies 5 Cents.

NUMBER 49.

## SEMI-ANNUAL CLEARING SALE!

All small lots, all odds and ends of new this year's purchases, at lower prices than you ever of.

The goods were bought since the drop, and the regular marked retail prices guaranteed lower than

**One-fourth off prices on all Goods.**

It is our custom to clean up toward the end of every season and we do mark goods for these sales so low that you can't help but make money by taking advantage of them.

Dry Goods marked down, Clothing marked down, Boots and Shoes marked down, Hats and Caps marked down, Furnishing Goods marked down. In fact, a genuine clearing sale all along the line.

Dress Challies and Lawns 3 1/2 cents per yard. Better grade Lawns 7 cents. Have been 15 cents. Wool Challies 12 1/2 cents. Have been 25 cents. We are closing out many small ends of wash goods at one-half the price asked heretofore for the same class of goods.

Wool Dress Goods 15 cents. Have been sold at 35 cents. Wool Dress Goods 25 cents. Have been sold at 50 cents. Fans, Parasols, Laces, Embroiders, Summer Underwear, etc., at prices that will make you want them.

Men's Suits \$10.00. Have always been sold at \$15.00. Men's Suits \$6.75. Have always been sold at \$10.00 and \$12.00. Men's Suits \$4.50. Have always been sold at \$7.00. Boy's Suits at the same reduction from former prices. Children's Suits \$5.00. Have always been sold at \$8.00. Children's Suits \$3.50. Have always been sold at \$6.00. Children's Suits \$2.50. Have always been sold at \$4.00. Children's Suits \$2.00. Have always been sold at \$3.00. Children's Suits \$1.50. Have always been sold at \$2.50. Women's Dongola Kid Shoes, Patent Tip, \$1.50. Cost you everywhere \$2.00. Just opened two cases. We warrant every pair, and of over 500 pair sold, not one pair has failed to give satisfaction.

Men's Calf Shoes \$2.00. Always retail at \$3.00. Men's, Women's, Misses and Children's Russet Shoes and Low Shoes at closing out prices.

Compare the goods and prices with what you can get elsewhere and be your judge.

W. P. SCHENK & CO.

## Refrigerators,

Ice Cream Freezers,  
Hammocks,  
Croquet,  
Fishing Tackle,  
Screen doors.

At greatly Reduced Prices  
to close out stock.

HOAG & HOLMES.

HEADQUARTERS  
For Picture Framing.

W. F. RIEMENSCHNEIDER. A. E. Fletcher.

We Are Headquarters for

LADIES & GENTS FINE SHOES.

All the newest and latest styles.

We also carry a complete line of groceries, and our prices suit the times. Highest prices paid for butter and eggs.

Yours for bargains,

W. F. RIEMENSCHNEIDER & CO.

Farmers and Others,  
Attention!

Do you wish to exchange farm or personal property, or stocks of goods, livery stocks, hotels, mills, etc., call on or write S. C. STALLKNECHT, Room 20, Carter Building, Jackson, Mich. 29-3

**FIRE! FIRE!!**

If you want insurance call on Gilbert & Crowell. We represent companies whose gross assets amount to the sum of \$45,000,000.

Store to Rent.

The best Grocery Stand in Chelsea. Also rooms over Store. Furnished as desired. J. P. WOOD. '86

### The Parade.

The line of march on German Day will be as follows: The different societies will form on Middle street between Main and East streets and on East street between Middle and Park streets. Those in carriages and wagons will form on East Middle street between East and Madison streets. Those on bicycles will also form on East Middle street. The line of march will then be east on Park to Congdon, south on Congdon to Summitt, east on Summitt to East, north on East to Orchard, east on Orchard to Main, north on Main to Middle, west on Middle to Recreation Park.

All those owning bicycles are requested to decorate their wheels and take part in the parade, both male and female.

It is also requested that those along the line of parade decorate their dwelling if convenient.

### Resolution.

Mrs. Elvira Whitaker was a faithful and worthy member and officer of R. P. Carpenter Relief Corps, No. 210, the members of which adopted the following resolutions of respect.

WHEREAS: The Father of mercies has, in His Wisdom, again invaded our fraternity and called to rest our beloved sister, Elvira Whitaker, severing the ties which have strengthened as we have pressed forward in our work. That we deplore her loss as a friend, a councillor and helper, and although the shadow is resting upon us, we bend lowly in submission to His will.

Resolved, That we extend to the afflicted husband and friends our sincere sympathy and the assurance that their sorrow is shared by those who knew her best. Their loss is surely her gain.

Resolved, That our Charter be draped in mourning for thirty days, and that a copy of these resolutions be sent to the bereaved Husband and to the press for publication.

JULIA FULLER.  
ELIZA ARMSTRONG.  
JOANNA CUSHMAN.

### Fair Items.

To the dairyman of the two counties: There will be an opportunity presented this fall for a thorough and complete test of the butter qualities of each cow exhibited. This will be interesting and if anybody has a good cow that they are proud of, bring her to the fair and we will make a careful test of her butter capacity, it will be a satisfaction to the owner and a pleasure to others. Everybody is cordially invited to bring their dairy stock to our fair, they will receive kind attention and good quarters.

We will make special efforts to induce dairymen to bring to our Fair some of the best dairy herds in the two counties. It will be a profitable meeting for us all.

M. A. LOWRY.

### Republican Caucus.

A Republican Caucus to elect 12 delegates to County Convention to elect Congressional delegates, will be held at the Town Hall, Chelsea, on Saturday, August 4th, at 4 o'clock, p. m.

Dated, July 30, 1894.

By Order Com.

### Letter List.

Following are the letters remaining unclaimed in the postoffice at Chelsea, July 28, 1894.

Miss May Kagan.  
Christ Franky.  
Gerhard Krieger.

Persons calling for any of the above please say "advertised."

GEO. S. LAIRD P. M.

Here is a receipt that can be tried at a very little expense, and if it proves to be a good thing it is worth a good deal to the majority of families: "Any one can freeze ice cream in five minutes, and for an expenditure of two or three cents. If the preparation desired to be frozen is placed in a tin bucket or other receptacle, it can be readily congealed by putting in a pail containing a weak dilution of sulphuric acid and water. Into this throw a handful of common Glauber salts, and the resulting cold is so great that a bottle of wine immersed in the mixture, will be frozen in a few minutes, and ice may be quickly and easily prepared.—Ex.

Full Cream Cheese  
10c per pound.

Best Family White Fish  
34c for 10lb pails.  
Positively Guaranteed.

Choice Herring 18c per box.

Choicest Lemons 20c per doz.

25 boxes matches for 25c.

Try our Teas.

## GLAZIER'S

Electric Kerosine Oil  
7c per gallon.

Try our Laundry Soap  
7 bars for 25c

Good Canned Corn  
7c per can.

Dried Beef 10c per lb.

6 cans Sardines for 25c.  
3 cans Salmon for 25c.

## PRICES

5 pounds Vail & Grain  
Crackers for 25c.

Sweet Cuba Fine Cut  
35c per pound.

We Guarantee Our Fruit Jars.

Banner Smoking Tobacco  
15c per pound.

4 pounds best 4 C Raisins  
for 25c.

## TALK!

See Price-list on Inside Page.

## New Photo Gallery.

Superior photographs of residences or family groups, social gatherings and pleasure parties, or any kind of picture required. Cabinets a Specialty.

Give me a call.

M. L. BURKHART.

## Central Meat Market!

The best of everything in the meat line is kept at the Central Meat Market. In beef products we handle nothing except home-fatted cattle of the best quality. In pork products you will find honest sausage and pure kettle rendered lard. Try our sugar cured hams and bacon. They are fine. All kinds of sausage, prime lamb and choice veal. If you want good meats give me your order. Respectfully,

ADAM EPPLER.

Highest market price paid for hides and tallow.

JOHN BAUMGARDNER,

Designer and Builder of

\* Artistic Granite Memorials.

Office, 6 Detroit St., Ann Arbor, Mich.

Established 1868.

We keep on hand large quantities of all the various granites in the rough, and are prepared to execute fine monumental work on short notice. Original Designs. Correspondence Solicited. Electric Works 6, 8, 10 Detroit St., and 17-19 5th Ave. Dock and Derrick 2-3 Miller Ave.

Excelsior Bakery,

Chelsea, Mich.

Fresh Bread, Cakes and Pies always on hand. First-class Restaurant in connection

WM. CASPARY.

FRANK SHAVER,

Proprietor of the

City Barber Shop & Bath Rooms

Babcock building, N. Main St.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.



# THE CHELSEA HERALD

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

## THE NEWS.

Compiled From Late Dispatches.

### CONGRESSIONAL.

**SENATOR GORMAN** (dem., Md.) in a speech in the senate on the 23d which occupied three hours in delivering, charged the president with duplicity in connection with the tariff bill and three of his associates testified to the truth of his charges. In the house no quorum was present and no business was transacted.

Discussion of the conference report on the tariff bill was resumed in the senate on the 24th and Senator Hill (N. Y.) devoted more than two hours to a defense of the president in reply to Senator Gorman's attack of the previous day. In the house a bill was passed for the reinstatement of clerks dismissed from the railway mail service between March 15 and May 1, 1899. Mr. Harter (C.) introduced a compromise tariff bill.

On the 25th the senate agreed to the conference report on the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill and further discussed the conference report on the tariff bill. In the house bills were passed placing the widow of Gen. John M. Corse on the pension list at \$100 per month, and permitting fourth-class postmasters to administer oaths to pensioners in remote districts.

**SENATOR VILAS** (Wis.) replied at great length to Senator Gorman's attack upon the president when the tariff bill was called up in the senate on the 26th. A motion to place coal and iron on the free list was defeated. A resolution calling on the attorney general for copies of all correspondence with railroad officials in connection with the recent Chicago strike was adopted. In the house the conference report on the fortifications bill was agreed to and some twenty interstate and foreign commerce bills were passed.

In the senate on the 27th the tariff bill was sent back to conference without amendment. Adjourned to the 30th. In the house a message was received announcing that the senate insisted on its amendments of the tariff bill and had agreed to the request of the house for a further conference. The evening session was devoted to private bills.

### DOMESTIC.

**SAMUEL MILLS**, of Johnston, N. Y., shot his wife in a fit of jealousy and then himself. They leave six small children.

**SEVEN** of the eight children of Mr. and Mrs. Kruse, of Humboldt, S. D., died of diphtheria.

AFTER hearing all the arguments advanced by both sides Judges Woods and Grosscup decided in Chicago that the contempt proceedings against E. V. Debs and others of the American Railway union were in the nature of proceedings in equity and that therefore the defendants could not be discharged on their denial of the charges, but must stand trial.

The village of Colona, Ill., was almost wiped off the map by a fire, the origin of which was a mystery.

**WILLIAM MELVILLE**, correspondence clerk of the Bank of California at San Francisco, confessed that during the last thirteen years he had stolen \$35,000 of the bank's funds.

**FIRE** destroyed the business portion of Great Bend, N. Y., a village of 3,000 inhabitants.

**THREE FORKS** and Watson, prosperous towns in British Columbia, have been completely destroyed by forest fires.

**CAPT. ERSKINE CARSON** died at Hillsboro, O., from a bullet wound received at the first battle of Bull Run.

**SPARKS** from a locomotive destroyed lumber yards, a schoolhouse and other property at St. Joseph, Mo., valued at \$100,000.

In a quarrel over five dollars William Skinner, of Fountain county, Ind., was beaten to death by his son-in-law, George Starles.

**MISTAKING** his father and sister for thieves, William Collins, of Birmingham, Ala., killed both of them by shooting.

**FOREST** fires along the line of the Northern Pacific in Wisconsin were dying out, there being nothing more to burn.

**THREE** firemen were killed, several persons injured and 205 horses burned to death in a fire at Washington.

**JOHN CRAIG**, an ex-police officer at Los Angeles, Cal., shot and killed his father-in-law and his mother-in-law, and fatally wounded his brother-in-law, George Hunter.

**WILSON SOULE**, a millionaire at Rochester, N. Y., was dragged over stone pavements by runaway horses until life was extinct.

The recent labor troubles cost the state of Ohio \$150,000.

**FURTHER** action in the case of Eugene V. Debs and his associates was discontinued in Chicago until September 5 and the defendants were released on bail.

Owing to a grudge masked men at Meeker, Col., stabbed and clubbed to death 350 sheep belonging to Gen. S. Allsebrook.

**GENERAL** managers predict that within five years railroads will own all of their equipment except sleeping cars.

WHAT was supposed to have been an incendiary fire destroyed the business portion of Griggsville, Ill.

**HENRY ROMANNA**, of Chicago, fired eight shots at Herr Zeitung, inventor of a bullet-proof vest, in a successful test in New York.

The First national bank of Grant, Neb., closed its doors, depositors being left to the amount of about \$25,000.

**GENS. COXEY**, Kelly and Frye deserted their armies in Washington, advising the commonwealthers to get themselves arrested and cared for by the authorities.

Six of the men who were implicated in the tarring of Adj. Gen. Tarasany of Colorado, have been arrested.

**WILLIAM TYLER** (colored), charged with assault, was hanged by a mob at Carlisle, Ky.

REPORTS from all western states indicate the hottest weather ever known. Great damage to crops would result.

**WALLACE BURT**, a half-breed Indian who murdered Samuel L. Rightly and his wife, an aged couple for whom he worked, was hanged at Dayton, Pa.

STATISTICS of the recent strike show that the railroads in Chicago lost \$355,000 in cars burned by the rioters.

**MRS. JACOB TRADER**, an eloquent woman of Calhoun county, W. Va., hampered by her 4-year-old daughter, tied the child to a stake and burned her to death.

The recent census in Michigan gives the state a population of 2,239,374, a gain of 145,485 since 1890.

REVENUE officers unearthed an illicit distillery in New York having a capacity of 1,000 gallons daily.

At Cleveland Alix trotted a mile in 2:08 and Ryland T. in 2:07 1/4. Twelve heats were trotted in an average of 2:10.

In the free-for-all pace at Cleveland, O., Robert J. made a new record, an average of five heats being made in 2:07 1/4.

NORTHERN Wisconsin was being swept by the worst forest fires in the history of the state. The losses already amounted to millions of dollars. The towns of Phillips, Fife and Madison had been wiped out, and it was feared that several lives had been lost.

THERE were 249 business failures in the United States in the seven days ended on the 27th, against 236 the week previous and 386 in the corresponding time in 1898.

A DISEASE which baffled the physicians had killed three persons at Minerva, O., and many others were afflicted.

The business portion of Lucksville, O., was destroyed by fire, and William Wilson, owner of a big factory, fell down an elevator shaft and was killed.

DUN's review of trade says business is rendered uncertain by tariff delay and the blockade of traffic by strikers.

**FIRE** of an incendiary origin swept away many business houses in Celina, O., the loss being \$150,000.

The supreme court of New York refused a new trial to John V. McKane, the convicted boss of Gravesend, now in Sing Sing.

The United States revenue cutter McLane seized six Spanish vessels off Anclote, Fla., that were engaged in smuggling.

A FIRE that broke out in J. H. Dorsey's woodworking establishment at Tampa, Fla., caused a loss of \$100,000.

At Briceton, O., David Kline and his wife and child were killed, poison having been placed in the well from which they drank.

The northern districts of Mississippi were swept by a fierce hailstorm, causing great destruction of crops.

**HARRISON DUNCAN** (colored), who murdered a policeman in St. Louis October 6, was hanged for the crime at Clayton, Mo.

**WABASH** freight engines collided near Lafayette, Ind., and Engineer Clark and brakeman Donohue were killed.

**DICK GREEN** was hanged at Mount Pleasant, S. C., for the murder of Nancy Drayton in April last. Both were negroes.

**BRYANT DAWSON** and Joseph Yowell, young business men of Mount Vernon, Ind., were drowned while bathing in the Ohio river.

The exchanges at the leading clearing houses in the United States during the week ended on the 27th aggregated \$770,418,388, against \$857,811,437 the previous week. The decrease, compared with the corresponding week in 1898, was 13.0.

### PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

ILLINOIS republicans in state convention at Springfield nominated Henry Wulff for treasurer, G. M. Inglis for superintendent of public instruction, and S. A. Bullard, Alexander McLean and Mrs. J. M. Flower for trustees of the state university. The platform favors protection to American industries, favors liberal pensions to soldiers, the use of gold and silver as money metals upon a parity of values, and arraigns the present democratic governor of the state as the most conspicuous case of misfit in official life.

In convention at Des Moines the Iowa republicans nominated W. M. McFarland for secretary of state, C. G. McCarthy for auditor, J. S. Herriott for treasurer, Milton Remley for attorney general, C. L. Davidson for railroad commissioner, and C. T. Granger and H. E. Deemer for supreme court judges. The platform declares for a system of protective duties so adjusted that every American resource can be developed by American labor, adheres to the declaration of the national republican party in 1892 upon its monetary policy, favors the exclusion of pauper immigrants and liberal pensions to soldiers.

CANDIDATES for congress were nominated as follows: Illinois, Eleventh district, William Hircley (pop.); Fourteenth, David W. McCulloch (pro.); Iowa, Third district, D. B. Henderson (rep.); renominated, Indiana, First district, James A. Boyce (pop.); Ohio, Seventh district, R. S. Thompson (pro.); Maryland, First district, J. W. Mills (dem.); North Carolina, Eighth district, W. H. Brown (dem.); Pennsylvania, Nineteenth district, J. A. Stahl (rep.).

**GEN. A. J. PLEASANTON**, originator of the blue glass theory, died at his home in Philadelphia, aged 88 years.

**REV. FRANCIS A. HOFFMAN**, aged 85 years, the oldest Evangelical preacher in the United States, died at Reading, Pa.

THE Wisconsin republicans in convention at Milwaukee nominated the following ticket: Governor, W. H. Upham; lieutenant governor, Emil Baensch; secretary of state, Henry Casson; treasurer, S. A. Peterson; attorney general, W. A. Mylrea; superintendent of public instruction, John Q. Emery; railroad commissioner, Duncan McKenzie; insurance commissioner, Dr. W. A. Frecke. The platform favors protection to American industries, the use of silver as a currency to the extent only that it can be circulated on a parity of gold, entire separation of church and state, free common schools, and recognizes the right of laborers to organize, using all honorable measures for the purpose of dignifying their condition and placing them on an equal footing with capital to the end that both fully understand that they are friends and are equal to each other and to the prosperity of the people.

In convention at Grand Forks, N. D., the democrats nominated Judge Templeton for judge of the supreme court and Budd Reeves for congress. The platform declares for bimetalism, demands that all money be issued by the government, demands tariff for revenue only and the speedy passage of reform tariff laws.

**THOMAS R. HORTON**, of Fultonville, N. Y., editor of the Republican, died at the age of 73. He served in congress from the Eighteenth district of New York from 1855 to 1857.

The prohibitionists of the Seventh Kentucky (Breckinridge's) district nominated Judge James B. Fennell for congress.

THE republican state convention of Massachusetts will be held at Boston October 6.

### FOREIGN.

SEVENTEEN seamen were drowned by the wrecking of the British bark La Lachour off Cape St. James, on Provost island.

MEXICAN bandits held up the stage near Perota, Vera Cruz, and stole \$4,000, besides robbing the passengers of valuables.

WAR was declared between China and Japan, and the king of Corea was imprisoned by the Japanese.

DISASTROUS floods and hurricanes destroyed many lives and much property along the Tagus, in Spain.

The final splice of the Anglo-American Telegraph company's new cable was made at Heart's Content, N. F.

**BOBADILLA**, who headed a conspiracy to kill the president of San Domingo, was shot. His followers were set at liberty.

By a collision of steamers on the River Niemen at Grodno fourteen persons lost their lives and eleven others were injured.

### LATER.

THE United States senate was not in session on the 28th. The house passed a number of measures of a private character and debated a bill to give federal courts additional powers in dealing with violations of the copyright law.

A NATIVE force attacked the French in Senegal and was repulsed with a loss of 500 killed and 125 wounded.

**FIRE** wiped out the business part of Belle Plaine, Ia., destroying about sixty buildings and contents, with a loss of \$500,000.

**MRS. MAHALA HAYES**, of Andrew, Ia., celebrated her 100th birthday.

The three children of James W. Ganion accidentally locked themselves in the closet of a caboose at Hartford, Conn., and were not found until dead.

At Cleveland, O., Online paced a mile in 2:06 1/4, cutting two seconds from the record for 4-year-olds.

**BOUSER'S** oil tank and novelty works at Port Wayne, Ind., were destroyed by fire, the loss being \$100,000. One man was killed.

Of 2,000 troops on board the Chinese transport Kow Shing, sunk by a Japanese cruiser, only forty were saved.

TWO THOUSAND houses were destroyed by fire in Cottel, a Bulgarian town, and it was believed that many persons perished.

**JAMES MULLIGAN**, of "Mulligan Letter" fame, died at Maynard, Mass., aged 53 years.

**MISS MARY LONDONDERY**, who purposes encircling the globe on a bicycle in eighteen months, started from New York.

In a twenty-four hour bicycle race at Herne Hill, England, Shorland covered 460 miles 900 yards, beating the world's record.

SEVENTEEN buildings in the business district of Brooklyn, Ia., were burned, causing a loss of \$125,000.

Loss of property approximating \$3,000,000 and heavy loss of life, the extent not yet known, though at least fifteen persons met death at Phillips, is the record of the forest fires which swept northern Wisconsin for two days.

The governor of Hong Kong places the deaths from plague in the Canton district alone at 120,000.

The percentages of the baseball clubs in the national league for the week ended on the 28th were: Boston, .663; Baltimore, .622; New York, .603; Cleveland, .571; Brooklyn, .560; Philadelphia, .537; Pittsburgh, .525; Cincinnati, .500; St. Louis, .432; Chicago, .410; Louisville, .325; Washington, .301.

## MANY VICTIMS.

Forest Fires in Northern Wisconsin Cause Great Loss of Life.

Fifteen Persons Perish While Trying to Escape from the Burning Town of Phillips—The Losses Are Estimated at \$3,000,000.

### AWFUL WORK OF THE FLAMES.

ASHLAND, Wis., July 30.—Loss of property approximating \$3,000,000 and heavy loss of life, the extent not yet known, though at least fifteen persons met death at Phillips Friday, is the record of the forest fires which have swept northern Wisconsin. It is almost a certainty that some of the lone homesteaders scattered throughout the burning timber have perished in the flames unless they have in some marvelous way escaped the suffocating flames and smoke.

Those known to be dead are: Mrs. David Bryden, two children of Mrs. Bryden, Frank Cliss, three Cliss children, James Locke, Mrs. James Locke, five Locke children, unknown woman, body found in the ruins of F. W. Sackett's residence.

The losses now seem to be: The city of Phillips entirely wiped out. The city of Mason practically destroyed, with White River Lumber company and 30,000,000 feet of lumber.

Headquarters of the Ashland Lumber company near Shores Crossing entirely wiped out. Special train of the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha, consisting of sixteen cars and locomotive, all burned; broke through burning bridge near Ashland Junction.

Camps of Thompson Lumber company burned at White River.

Two bridges on Wisconsin Central railroad, one near Chelsea, another near Phillips, both on main line south of Ashland.

These are the estimated losses, specifically, so far as known:

Lumber plants.....	\$1,000,000
Phillips residents.....	1,250,000
Mason.....	700,000
Thompson Lumber company, of Washburne.....	2,000
Ashland Lumber company.....	6,000
Shores Crossing residents.....	4,000
Two bridges (St. P. M. & O. railroad).....	10,000
Two bridges Wisconsin Central.....	10,000
Homesteaders.....	250,000

PHILLIPS, Wis., July 30.—Not since the terrible forest fires destroyed Peshtigo has anything occurred which will compare with the scene of ruin here. Out of a town of 700 buildings only twenty-seven are left standing. It is not yet known how many of the 3,000 inhabitants of the town perished.

When the impossibility of checking the flames became apparent a rush was made by the people for places of safety. Trains on the Wisconsin Central line were hurried to the town, and as fast as steam could carry them the inhabitants were taken to other towns which were supposed to be out of the range of the flames. There was no time to carry away property of any description except that which could be readily carried on the person, and so everything, as far as can be ascertained, was swept away.

It was during the first fire that the loss of life occurred. Driven frantic by the rushing gale of flames, the families of James Locke, Frank Cliss and Dave Bryden gathered hurriedly in their arms all their possessions that they could and made for a floating boathouse that was tied to the town bridge near the box factory. The ropes were cut and the occupants thought the gale would drive them across the lake where the flames would not reach them, but the raft was a rickety affair and overloaded, and, most terrible of all, the fire seemed to create a current of air that pulled them directly towards a great pile of burning lumber on the lake shore.

The raft began to sink, and, with death by fire facing them on one side and drowning on the other, the boats were resorted to, but in the gale they capsized almost instantly, and all perished with the exception of Mrs. Cliss, who was found floating Saturday morning on the opposite side of the lake, clinging with desperation to a boat.

The body of an unknown man burned to a crisp has already been found in Phillips, and it is feared there are others which have not yet been revealed to the searchers. Owing to the scattering of the population and the uncertainty as to the whereabouts of many families, a list of those actually missing cannot be had.

A committee of citizens from Ashland arrived with a special train of provisions Saturday night at 9 o'clock. It was the first material relief to arrive and it arrived just in time to keep the people from actual suffering for want of food. The provisions were given out in small quantities, so as to make them last as long as possible and keep something available until other provisions arrive.

Gov. Peck and his staff arrived from Madison Sunday morning. A dozen cars of provisions have arrived from various cities, and the organization for relief has been completed.

The entire northern part of the state is a sea of flame. The country is dotted with the homes of farmers and homesteaders and with lumber camps. There is no doubt that hundreds of these buildings have been burned, while the fate of the people is in doubt. It is probable that many of them have lost their lives.

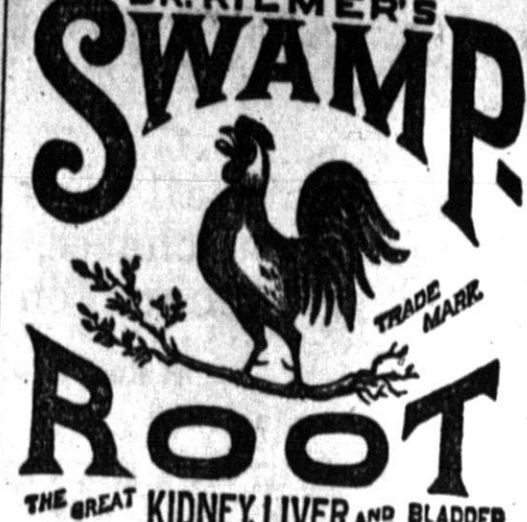
## Weak All Over

Hot weather always has a weakening, debilitating effect, especially when the blood is thin and impure and the system poorly nourished. By taking Hood's Sarsaparilla

## Hood's Sarsaparilla

strength will be imparted and the whole body invigorated. People who take Hood's Sarsaparilla are almost always surprised at the wonderful beneficial effects.

Hood's Pills are safe, harmless, sure.



## Pain in the Back

Stings sensations when voiding, distress pressure in the parts, urethral irritation, stricture.

## Kidney Complaint

Diabetes, dropsy, scanty or high colored urine.

## Urinary Troubles

Stinging sensations when voiding, distress pressure in the parts, urethral irritation, stricture.

## Disordered Liver

Bloat or dark circles under the eyes, tongue coated, constipation, yellowish eyeballs.

At Druggists, 50 cents and \$1.00 size.

"Invalids' Guide to Health" free—Consultation free.

DR. KILMER & CO., BINGHAMTON, N. Y.

## The Greatest Medical Discovery

## of the Age.

## KENNEDY'S

## MEDICAL DISCOVERY.

DONALD KENNEDY, of ROXBURY, MASS.,

Has discovered in one of our common pasture weeds a remedy that cures every kind of Humor, from the worst Scrofula down to a common Pimple.

He has tried it in over eleven hundred cases, and never failed except in two cases (both thunder humor). He has now in his possession over two hundred certificates of its value, all within twenty miles of Boston. Send postal card for book.

A benefit is always experienced from the first bottle, and a perfect cure is warranted when the right quantity is taken.

When the lungs are affected it causes shooting pains, like needles passing through them; the same with the Liver or Bowels. This is caused by the ducts being stopped, and always disappears in a week after taking it. Read the label.

If the stomach is foul or bilious it will cause squeamish feelings at first.

No change of diet ever necessary. Eat the best you can get, and enough of it. Dose, one tablespoonful in water at bedtime. Sold by all Druggists.

## W. L. DOUGLAS

## \$3 SHOE

IS THE BEST. NO SQUEAKING.

\$5. CORDOVAN, FRENCH & ENAMELLED CALF.

\$4.35 FINE CALF & KANGAROO.

\$3.99 POLICE, 3 SOLES.

\$2.95 2 WORKINGMEN'S EXTRA FINE.

\$2.15 BOY'S SCHOOL SHOES.

LADIES' \$3.25 \$2.15.

BEST DONGOLA.

SEND FOR CATALOGUE.

W. L. DOUGLAS, BROCKTON, MASS.

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## AFTER THE RAIN.

The rain was over, and every leaf was flushed with a rosy light; The daisies laughed from their childish grief And their eyes were teary-bright; And the meadow spider with golden crown Ran up by his silver stair, Shaking the trembling raindrops down That hung and twinkled there.

Their ebony files the crickets tried, And ever the shriller blew; His furry bonnet the wild bee dried, Scrapping its dust and dew; And the drops slid down from the green grass stem Into the moss cups fine; The water glistened on the strawberry gem, Brewing the fairies' wine.

The hair-bird trilled in the pearl-strung bush, And the roadside steamed with balm; In the dripping forest the hermit thrush Lifted his silvery psalm. Over the mountain like amber mist The sun on the woodlands lay, He pledged to the glittering leaves he kissed, To-morrow, a golden day.

—Irene Putnam, in Good Housekeeping.

## MILLIE'S GREEN PEAS.

### The Part They Played in the Scheme of Human Events.

Millie Mitchell was only six years old. Her mother was very poor, and sewed for her living in two small rooms of a dingy New York house not far from East Broadway. One bright day in summer, a day that made even the shabby and dirty street seem pleasant because of the breeze and sunshine that were blended there, Millie's mother said to the child:

"You've been very good for three whole days, and I promised you that if you didn't worry and fret me the least bit for that length of time you should have something nice to eat on the fourth day."

Millie jumped for joy. Her blue eyes glittered, and the red lips curled away from her tiny white teeth in a glorious little smile. Even in her coarse gown she was very pretty, and if she had been arrayed like some of the children who then were romping in the up-town parks, watched by their careful nurses, with her yellow floss of hair neatly combed and daintily ribboned, you might even have paused and said of her: "How beautiful a child!"

"I guess what it is!" she cried. "It's green peas! It's green peas!"

"Yes," said her mother; "and I shelled them on the sly, and they'll soon be cooked. And there'll be potatoes, too, with some meat left over from yesterday. The meat will be cold, for I haven't got time with my sewing, to heat it. But two hot vegetables, Millie, think of that! And now you can run out into the street for a little while, and when you come in I'll have everything ready. But mind you don't stay long, and remember not to pass the corner."

To pass the corner meant to invade the great bustle and breadth of the thoroughfare near by. Millie would not have dared to do that, even if she had desired. She simply trotted along the pavements of her particular block, just as she had done countless times before.

The merry wind blew back her silken hair below the ragged brim of her hat, with its one old crumpled scarlet rose nodding on the crown.

She was going to have green peas for dinner, and she was magnificently happy.

Certain residents of the street knew her, and smiled to her from their doorways. To some of these, as she tripped along, she would say, with a mellow little laugh: "We're going to have green peas for dinner!"

Some answered her laugh rather coldly. Others answered it in a humaner way. Still others gave her a sigh of pity. They were all poor people, but there were grades in their poverty, self-importance and pride.

Soon she reached a grim, ramshackle tavern in the middle of the block. From its door a big man with a puffed, purplish face had just emerged. Beside him was a thin, frail boy, with sunken cheeks. The man had gripped the boy's sleeve, and his frown was full of threat.

"Go home," he growled, "and tell your mother that if she sends ye here again when I'm takin' a sociable glass, I'll send ye back to her with the life beat half out o' ye, so I will!"

The boy gave a faint cry of pain. His father's hand had clutched bruisingly what slight flesh there was on his fragile arm.

Millie came to a standstill, and stared innocently into the man's face.

"I'm going to have green peas for dinner!" she said. "I've been good for three whole days, and I'm going to have 'em!"

Here Millie put her head on one side and critically surveyed the wan, sunken-cheeked boy. "I guess he'd like some green peas for his dinner. I guess he ain't going to have any. I wish he was."

As she danced away, with a faint hum of song on her lips and the breeze blowing her bright hair, the eyes of the bloated man followed her. His hand dropped from the flimsy sleeve of the boy and presently it slipped into one of his own pockets.

"You said there wasn't anything home to eat? He drew out half a dollar and gave it to the boy. 'That's all I've got left, but it'll buy something. I won't take no more drink to-day. I guess I can work off this spree before to-morrow mornin'." Go home an' tell

yer mother I said that. Hurry, now, an' I'll trudge on after ye."

The pale boy, with his coin close grasped in one weak hand, hastened down the street. He knew too well his father's good resolves—how soon they melted in air. But at least the awful want from which he and his little sister and his sick mother were all three suffering would be appeased for a short time.

Fifty cents meant so much! Ten cents would buy lots of bread. Twenty cents would buy a good deal of meat. And then there would be twenty cents left. And that for to-morrow might stave off actual starvation at least another day.

Then, if his father really stopped drinking, he might stay sober again for a month, and even longer, and get work, and change all this awful famine and trouble into at least comparative comfort and peace. And that little girl, with the dancing eyes and the breezy, yellow hair, would somehow have brought the whole happy change about!

As he thought this thought the pale boy, speeding to his miserable home a few streets away, blessed that same little girl from the lowest depths of his grateful and astonished heart.

Meanwhile Millie went buoyantly on, with the old crumpled rose on her hat bobbing up and down in the summer wind.

Soon she met two girls who seemed to be quarreling. One was larger than the other and appeared to be very old indeed. She was possibly sixteen years old, while her companion could not have been more than fourteen.

"I won't go back home, Kate," said the younger girl, who was pretty, with a face pink as a seashell and great liquid eyes, full of dark, starry shadow. "Father's drunk half the year. Of course I love mother, but she's always got the young ones to mind. No, I'll earn my own living the best way I can."

"Susie!" cried the other girl, with a horrified accent.

"Yes, I will! Oh! you go along, Kate. I know what I'm talking about. Ain't I got a first-class chance?"

"No; it's wrong."

"Wrong? Oh! go along with your notions. Won't the Bowery Paradise give me eight dollars a week to dance only about a half-hour every night in the new pantomime? I'm to be one of the Moonlight Fairies. Why, Kate, just think! My dress'll be all white lace and silver, and a pair o' silver wings and spangled slippers and a wand and a big half-moon on the top o' my head!"

"Don't go, Susie!" urged Kate. "It'll bring you into bad company."

"Bad company! Any worse than my father—drunk most always?"

"Your mother needs you at home," Kate persevered. "It would break her heart for you to run away and leave her."

"But she won't let me join the show if I keep on living at home," said Susie, with an obstinate pout.

"She's right; she's right, Susie. Oh! say, do give up all this! What are your little brothers and sisters going to do without you? Why, they can't never go out at all if you go. No more play for them—oh! say, Susie—"

Just then Millie paused and looked, with her infantile candor, full into the faces of the two girls.

"I'm going to have green peas for dinner to-day, I am. I've been good, and my mother's cooking the green peas now."

Instantly the attention of the two was caught by the child's confidence and beauty.

"Ain't she a funny little thing?" said Kate, kneeling beside the child.

"I ain't always good," said Millie, gravely.

"Oh, I guess you ain't ever very bad, are you?" said Susie, looking down, her pout lost in amusement, so facile was her disposition.

Millie pondered this seriously for three seconds.

"I fret and worry my mother," she replied, conscientiously, and looking down with shame and wonder whether her elders would speak to her after such a confession. Both girls laughed with delight in the child's pretty simplicity.

"It's very wrong for a little girl to fret her mother—that's what my mother says," said Millie, stoutly persisting.

"And what if you was a big girl?" said Kate, not looking at Susie.

"No matter if I was as big—as big—"

Millie paused and her eyes roved for a comparison—"as big as the engine house," she ended, surprised by her own imagination of attaining such size.

"You dear little girl! Whose girl are you?" said Susie, trying to clutch and kiss the child.

But at the tone of praise all Millie's joy came rushing back to her.

"But now I'm good—and I'm going to have green peas for dinner!" cried Millie, skipping with delight past Susie's reach, and then strutting importantly away.

As the girls watched her their faces were sweet with smiles of delight and humor—smiles that gave them again for a few moments the looks of their less troubled childhood. When Kate, turning, caught this look on Susie's face, a deeper satisfaction came into her own.

"Well, let's go home, then," said Susie, as Millie disappeared. "Wasn't she a dear little thing?"

Kate was too wise to risk any ref-

erence to Susie's former mood, for a word of argument or glorifying might have thrown her back on her obstinacy by renewing her sense of the monotony of home and the attractions of the Bowery Paradise. All that Kate said was:

"Let us have green peas for dinner, Susie. If there ain't any in the house I'll run round to Mullen's for some."

"Yes, I'm good, too, now, Kate," said Susie, with a look of tears and smiles. "And I'm going to have green peas for dinner!" she cried, imitating the very accents of Millie, skipping in her fashion and then strutting away importantly by Kate's side.

Kate still said nothing.

Suddenly Susie stopped and looked earnestly at her friend.

"The Bowery Paradise won't have me for a fairy, if you want to know, Kate."

"Well, I'm just as glad, Susie! And we're both going to have green peas for dinner!"

Kate's failure in attempting to imitate Millie's tone made Susie laugh more than before, and the two went happily away with arms round each other's waists.

Meanwhile Millie entered the little kitchen where her mother stood with the flushed face of a toilful yet triumphant cook.

"I guess dinner must be ready by this time," said Millie.

"It is," said her mother, and pointed to the pine table, with two plates and three dishes gleaming from its coarse, clean cloth. Millie, with a gleeful smile, climbed into her own chair.

"You must have had quite a long walk," said her mother, as she took the remaining chair. "I s'pose you stopped and talked to people; you generally do, the neighbors tell me."

"I talked to a few people," answered Millie, "but I guess I forgot what I said."

"Oh, I know, you little goose," laughed her mother, as she uncovered the peas. "You told them you were going to have green peas for dinner."

"Yes," said Millie, with an intellectual abstraction caused by whetted appetite. "I guess that's what I did tell 'em, but I ain't quite sure. I—I guess I was pretty excited, and didn't 'xactly know just what I said."

Her mother laughed again, and helped her generously from the dishful of peas. And Millie ate them with a fine relish and in splendid ignorance of how wholesome and important a part they had caused her to play in the mighty scheme of human events.—Edgar Fawcett, in Youth's Companion.

### Obedience to the Letter.

A story is told in central Maine of a young woman who distanced paternal families, so to speak, in a matter of parental authority: "Now, Mary Jane," said the stern parent, "I will consent to your going to the dance at the Corner to-night only on one condition." "What is that?" asked Mary Jane, meekly, her eyelids drooping pathetically. "It is," said the father, "that you won't let that young scapegrace, —, bring you home." "I'll promise," said the maid, and she went to the dance. Scene next morning: "I thought you promised me not to let that fellow bring you home!" said the angry parent, with fire flashing from his eyes. "He didn't bring me home," said Mary Jane, archly. "But he came home with you, for I saw him." "Yes, but he didn't bring me. I told him what I had promised, so we walked home and he led the horse."—Lewiston Journal.

### Aphorisms and Maxims, 1750.

"For one poor person there are a hundred indigent."  
"Many have been ruined by buying good pennyworths."  
"The eye of a master will do more work than both his hands."  
"Buy what thou hast no need of and ere long thou shalt sell thy necessities."  
"A plowman on his legs is higher than a gentleman on his knees."  
"A child and a fool imagine twenty shillings and twenty years can never be spent."  
"The second vice is lying, the first is running into debt."  
"Creditors have better memories than debtors."  
"Those have a short Lent who owe money to be paid at Easter."  
"Creditors are a superstitious set, great observers of set days and times."  
—Notes and Queries.

### Sounds Slangy, But Is Not.

School-teachers, especially those of the feminine gender, are absolutely averse to anything partaking of the nature of slang. One of these teachers recently took part in a discussion as to whether or not "kid," as applied to a child, could be placed in the slang category. The gentleman using the term stood his ground and held it was not slang and was not so classed by the authorities on philology. The teacher opposed this argument and sent for a dictionary. Her surprise to find herself in the wrong was rather ludicrous, but she insisted that the term, with this application, showed lack of respect for both the child and its parents.—Philadelphia Call.

—Mr. E. Conomie—"Did you write to that man who advertises to show people how to make desserts without milk, and have them richer?" Mrs. E. Conomie—"Yes, and sent him the dollar." "What did he reply?" "Use cream."—Inter Ocean.

## MICHIGAN STATE NEWS.

### Holzhay Cured.

Redmond Holzhay, of Marquette, whose operations as a train robber and highwayman five years ago earned him the name of Black Bart, has been returned to the penitentiary from the insane asylum. Holzhay robbed several trains between Milwaukee and St. Paul and Minneapolis, finally holding up a stage coach near Gogebic and killing Banker Fleischbein, of Belleville, Ill., and wounding Banker Mackar, of Minneapolis. Holzhay was sent up for life. He was declared insane a year ago.

### Health in Michigan.

From various portions of the state the reports of sixty-one observers for the week ended July 21 show that remittent fever, dysentery and cholera infantum increased and tonsillitis decreased in area of prevalence. Scarlet fever was reported at twenty-nine places, diphtheria at fifteen, typhoid fever at twenty-three, measles at twenty, consumption at two hundred and twenty-seven places and smallpox at Detroit, Grand Rapids, Sturgis, Berlin, Frenchtown, Pontiac and Macomb.

### Sentenced to Prison for Life.

Henry Plame, who confessed to the murder of Mrs. McKendrick, and through his testimony made the conviction of Charles Macard easy, was sentenced at Grand Rapids to Jackson for life, the same sentence as was given Macard. His crime was murder in the first degree, and the court had no alternative but to impose a life sentence.

### Burned to Death.

A sad accident occurred in Osceola township, near Howell. Mrs. Allen Thayer, a farmer's wife, was preparing dinner, being alone in the house, when the kerosene stove tipped over and burned all her clothing off except her shoes. She lived three hours, suffering the most intense agony. Neighbors saved the house.

### Attempt to Break Jail.

A desperate attempt to escape from the county jail in Detroit was made by fourteen prisoners. Two escaped and were still at liberty. One was captured after jumping from the high front wall, and eleven were cowed by the deputies' revolvers and returned to their cells after reaching the yard in front of the jail.

### To Look Into a Bank's Affairs.

Circuit Judge Person has directed the prosecuting attorney to make a thorough investigation of the affairs of the Central Michigan savings bank at Lansing, which failed last year, with a view of determining the necessity for summoning a grand jury to sift the affairs of the bank to the bottom.

### Took His Own Life.

Hon. Edward V. Conley, of Watersmeet, one of the best-known men in northern Michigan, committed suicide. He shot himself in the head. He was chairman of the county board of supervisors almost every term since the formation of the county.

### Short But Newsy Items.

Farmers in the eastern part of the upper peninsula are troubled greatly this summer with grasshoppers. The wheat acreage in Genesee county this year is smaller than usual, but the yield will be up to the average. The post office in Grand Haven was robbed of \$700 worth of one and two cent stamps. In point of area Marquette is the largest county in Michigan, with Chippewa second.

Shipment of this year's celery crop at Newberry, Luce county, has begun. The crop will be a big one.

A bulletin issued by the state board of health shows that since January 1 there has been smallpox at twenty places in the state. There were ninety-six cases and twenty-four deaths from the disease.

Clifford Friesland, a machinist, was riding along a lock pier at Sault Ste. Marie, when his bicycle wheel slipped and he went into the canal and was drowned.

Attorney General Ellis has written an opinion to the effect that county clerks have no right to suppress marriage licenses.

Company H, Sixth Michigan heavy artillery, will hold its annual reunion at Eaton Rapids August 7.

Seventeen-year locusts have appeared at Kalamazoo, but thus far have done no damage to crops.

The Grand Rapids & Indiana elevator at Kalamazoo, owned by M. Kent, was robbed of several hundred dollars' worth of clothing and money was taken from the safe.

A man giving the name of Charles Dudley deserted his wife, whom he married in Chicago a few days ago, in Kalamazoo, taking her diamond ring and \$25.

W. S. Slagel, living near Sherwood, bought strychnine to kill mice. The next day his young wife died and an autopsy disclosed poison in her stomach. A coroner's jury returned a verdict of suicide.

Thousands of visitors were in Coldwater to attend a Sunday school rally. Several schools were represented and 2,600 children and teachers were in the parade.

Springport is to have a state bank with a capital of \$10,000 owned and controlled by home capitalists.

## DEBS AT TERRE HAUTE.

### He Talks to His Townsmen About the Big Strike.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., July 30.—There were 1,800 persons in the opera house Sunday night to hear Eugene V. Debs, and 1,000 more could not get in. When the familiar figure of the American Railway union president appeared on the stage there was loud and long-continued applause. A synopsis of his remarks follows:

Mr. Debs began his speech by saying that as a general proposition he is opposed to strikes but there are times when not to strike is to accept degradation. "We are a striking government," he added. "Every star in the flag represents a strike." The revolutionary fathers struck against tyranny and for liberty. If all employees had been treated fairly there would have been no labor organizations. He said he had done all he could to prevent the Pullman strike. Then followed a narrative of the efforts of committees to secure arbitration.

Mr. Debs followed with the story of the American Railway union national convention and its efforts to secure redress for the Pullman employees, but the company would make no concession and the convention by a unanimous vote decided to haul no more Pullman cars. The charge that he had ordered the strike, he said, was absolutely false. In all of his connection with organized labor he had not advised a man to leave his employment. The railway managers met and decided to support the Pullman company in the fight it was making on its employees.

"The managers also decided to destroy the American Railway union," said he, "but that is a contract they would like to subvert now." The American Railway union, he said, simply followed the example of the managers by combining for mutual protection.

Mr. Debs said it had been printed that he was a foreigner and an anarchist. He was proud of the fact that he had been born and reared in Terre Haute. He had no patience with violence in any form. He said it could be proved that at the time of the Buffalo switchmen's strike the companies caused cars to be burned so they could have the militia called out.

"When the truth is known it will be found that the American Railway union was in no wise responsible for arson or any lawless acts. With the aid of soldiers the managers finally succeeded in operating their roads in a manner."

Workingmen would no longer be supplicants. They would take what was their right, not in an unlawful manner, but they were the people and this was a people's government. He spoke of the failure to enforce the interstate commerce law against the corporations, which called up the same law against workingmen. He denied that he was to be branded as an anarchist because corporations defied the laws. He urged his hearers to bear in mind that they must use the power of the ballot.

He hoped there would never be another strike. He had about made up his mind never again to be connected with a strike. He would do his striking at the ballot box. He did not have much faith in public opinion, but when it gets right the A. R. U. strike would be overwhelmingly vindicated, and he was content to wait for that time.

He said no word as to the future of the strike, but in his story of it he spoke of it in terms indicating that he thought of it as a thing of the past. He said in closing that if a penalty attached to his actions he would accept his fate like a man. He would not shirk the responsibility for his acts.

CHICAGO, July 30.—Judge Woods has granted an appeal by the American Railway union from the decree of injunction issued by the circuit court. The effect of the appeal will be to stop any further proceedings in the circuit court under the bill filed July 2 on behalf of the railroad, but it leaves the injunction which was issued still in force and does not interfere in any way with the contempt proceedings against Debs and others.

### CHILDREN ASPHYXIATED.

Imprisoned in a Freight Caboose by a Spring Lock at Hartford, Conn.

HARTFORD, Conn., July 30.—Raymond, aged 9; Leroy, aged 7, and Freddie, aged 4, the children of James W. Ganlon, a locomotive engineer on the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad, who have been missing since Thursday evening, when they went to bathe in the Connecticut river, were found dead at 8 o'clock Sunday morning in the closet of a freight caboose standing on a side track near the roundhouse, not 300 feet from their home. After numerous searches for two days Chief of Police Bill ordered the freight cars and railroad property searched, and two policemen were drawn to the caboose by the smell of decomposing flesh. In the closet, shut by a spring lock, they found the three bodies entirely nude and badly decomposed. The inquest by Medical Examiner Fuller disclosed no evidence of foul play and he gave a verdict of accidental death by asphyxiation. The caboose was newly painted and the children went in to play, a pack of cards being found in the closet. It is supposed they closed the door and could not open it and soon suffocated in the stifling hot air of the narrow inclosure.

### SLAIN IN HIS CAB.

A Chicago and Eastern Illinois Engineer Assassinated.

DANVILLE, Ill., July 30.—Non-union railroad men at Germantown, east of Danville junction, have been fired upon almost nightly for the last week. Saturday evening at 9 o'clock a man standing alone on Fairchild street fired four shots from a revolver at engine 67 as it crossed the street. The locomotive was hauling a freight train in from Terre Haute on the Eastern Illinois railroad. The first shot struck Engineer Bert Byrnes in the side, passing through his lung and entering his stomach. He fell over and was caught by his fireman, Brown. The other shots crashed through the cab windows and pierced the dome of the whistle. After firing the man walked leisurely away. The shooting was witnessed by Fireman Brown and Brakeman Jones, neither of whom was armed. Byrnes was removed to St. Elizabeth's hospital, where he died at 12 o'clock Sunday. He was formerly a resident of New York city.



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**Royal Baking Powder 42 cents per pound.**  
Starch 6 cents per pound.  
Arm & Hammer Soda 6 cents per pound.  
Yeast Cakes 2 packages for 5 cents.  
**10 pound Pails Family White Fish 40 cents.**  
Best Cod Fish in Strips 8 cents per pound.  
Choice Herring 20 cents per box.  
3 cans Salmon for 25 cents.  
4 cans Sardines for 25 cents.  
Pint Fruit Jars 75 cents per dozen.  
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### Chelsea and Vicinity.

Chas. Whitaker was in Detroit last Friday.

J. F. Schuh, of Ann Arbor, was in town last Tuesday.

J. J. Raftery was in Clinton last Tuesday on business.

P. J. Lehman was a Manchester visitor last Friday.

Mrs. C. Haag is spending a few weeks at North Lake.

Miss Clara Hammond, of East Middle street, is quite ill.

Dr. K. Greiner returned home from Grand Rapids last Monday.

Mr. Ross, of Adrian, was the guest of Dr. W. A. Conlan last week.

Mrs. M. Foran, of Jackson street, called on friends at Fosters last week.

Mrs. O'Brien spent a few days of last week with Ann Arbor friends.

Miss Addie Zang, of Hillsdale, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. C. Spinnagle.

L. Miller is perfecting a new plow which he will place on the market this fall.

Miss Laura Glass, of Jackson, is assisting M. L. Burkhart in his new photo gallery.

M. L. Burkhart opened his new Photo Gallery Wednesday. See "ad" on first page.

Mr. Joseph Quay, of Cleveland, Ohio, called on Mr. and Mrs. C. Spinnagle last Sunday.

Edward Savage is caring for a badly bruised foot, caused by an iron maul striking it.

Mr. and Mrs. L. P. Klein will occupy Chas. Carpenter's dwelling house on North Main street.

Mrs. Godfrey Kempf, of Summit street, is in Eaton Rapids this week attending camp meeting.

Miss May Sparks, of East street, was in camp at Cavanaugh last week, the guest of Miss Mary Negus.

S. Hirth is laid up with a very sore hand, caused by a piece of red hot steel striking him on the knuckle.

Mrs. Barber and daughter, of Goshen, Ind., were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. Burkhart last Friday.

Miss Cecelia Foster returned from Battle Creek last Wednesday, where she has been visiting for some time.

Mary McAllister, of Detroit, is spending her vacation with her grand-parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. Durand.

Miss Jennie McIntyre, of Stockbridge, was the guest of Miss Nettie E. Hoover, of South street, last week.

Messrs. Gilbert, Judson and Wilkinson were in Grand Rapids this week attending the Republican state convention.

Miss Amella Neuberger returned home from Ann Arbor last Saturday, after a short visit with friends there.

The German Workingmen's Society has let the contract to E. L. Alexander to furnish ice cream for German Day.

Buy your red, white and blue calicoes for "German Day" decorating at Holmes'. They have all kinds and enough of it.

C. W. Maroney has just completed a handsome porch on the east side of W. F. Hatch's dwelling on East Middle street.

Tommy Speer, who has spent the past week with relatives in northern Ohio and Michigan, returned home last Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Seip, of Cleveland, O., were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. F. Seeger and Mr. and Mrs. H. Heininger last week.

The meeting of the Directors of the Chelsea Agricultural Society held last Saturday was adjourned until Saturday, Aug. 4th.

Drs. Mixer, specialists on cancers and all blood diseases, will be at the Chelsea House, Wednesday, Aug. 8th, 1894. Read their "ad" on last page.

Dallas Wurster and family will occupy the A. N. Morton dwelling on Jefferson street, taking possession as soon as Mr. Morton moves to Ann Arbor.

Messrs. W. B. Warner and Chas. Ireland, and the Misses Nettie Hoover and Fannie Warner attended the B. Y. P. U. Rally at Dexter Friday evening of last week.

Died. Thursday July 26, 1894, at his home south of Chelsea, Mr. Elisha Congdon aged 72 years. The funeral was held from the house Sunday afternoon. Rev. Thos. Holmes officiating.

Died at her late home on South street, Thursday July 26, 1894, Mrs. I. M. Whitaker, aged 53 years. The funeral was held from the house Saturday afternoon. Rev. Thos. B. McGee, of Webberville, officiating.

A round, plump, rosy youngster of the male persuasion arrived on the 31st of July, 1894, at the home of Conrad Heeschwerdt, of North street. It is said that Mr. H. in the ecstasy of the moment went out and stuck his head into a barrel and called "papa" just to see how it would sound.

### Lima Beans.

Frank McMillan lost a valuable horse last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Nelson Freers spent Sunday at Ann Arbor.

The Lima Band will participate in the German Day celebration at Chelsea.

Misses Matie Goodale and Emma Gruner are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. N. E. Freer.

### North Lake Breezes.

Misses Matie Glenn and Mary Whelan visited relatives at Unadilla this week.

There is not many rich men about here, but quite a few that will vote for Rich this fall.

Corn and potatoes look fairly well, but need rain badly.

Look after your tomato vines. Some are being destroyed by a large green worm.

Saturday last E. L. Glenn and wife, and Blanch, Jay, Casper and baby Ralph, visited with parents at the old home, taking a day off after a big harvest.

### Notes.

The fruit-drying industry of this country has assumed large proportions, and is of a great deal of value to the orchardist, for no part of the crop now needs to go to waste.

During the very warm days the teams should be used early in the morning, so as to allow them at least two hours for rest at noon. More work will be secured by so doing than by shortening the noon rest.

An apple grower thinks that in setting an orchard we should get such apples as are best suited to our soil and climate, and are in demand in the markets, and not fill our orchards with only such as suit our taste at home.

No one kind of food is perfect. Even when horses have an abundance of timothy hay they will also accept straw and cornstalks as a change of diet, as well as kept in better condition from being allowed a greater variety.

Much is said of late about sterilizing milk before use. Better far to look more after the health and surroundings of the cows, that their milk be free from all objectionable conditions, in which case no germ-killing process is called for.

White clover is superior to the red, but does not grow very high, and for that reason it receives no consideration as a crop of hay, but there is nothing superior to it in the pasture. Both cows and sheep are very partial to it, and it will thrive on soils that will not produce the red variety.

Orchards, to be remunerative in the highest degree, must be cultivated. Cultivation gives more fruit and better fruit. The young orchard should be continually cultivated until well into bearing. Set thirty feet apart, and when the branches get considerably in the way seed to grass which, when mown, let lie on the ground.

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## Honest Weights, Honest Goods, Honest Prices.

That is the platform on which we do business. We aim to please our customers in every respect, and to give them

More Goods  
and  
Better Goods  
for a  
Dollar.

Than any other store in this vicinity

Best Family White Fish 34c per 10lb pail  
Best No. 1 White Fish 82c per 10lb pail  
Pint jars with caps and rubbers 75c doz  
Quart jars with caps and rubbers 90c doz  
2-qt jars with caps and rubbers \$1.10  
Choice Codfish in bricks 6c per pound  
6 lbs Fresh Turkish Prunes for 25c.  
New Brazil Nuts 8c per pound.

10 lbs fine English Currants for 25c.  
Best Canned Pumpkin 6c per can

Fresh Roasted Peanuts 5 cents per lb  
25 pounds Brown sugar for \$1.00.

8 pounds clean Rice for 25 cents.  
4 packages cleaned Currants for 25c  
21 lbs. granulated sugar \$1.00.

Fine 4 Cr. Raisins 8c per pound.  
First-class lanterns 20c each.  
5 pounds V. & C. crackers for 25c.

2 packages Yeast Foam for 5c.  
Full cream cheese 12 1/2c per pound.  
Tea dust 12 1/2c per pound.

3 Cr Raisins 6c per pound.  
Gloss Starch 6c per pound.  
Arm and Hammer Saleratus 6c per lb.

Best Nudavene Flakes 8 lbs for 25c.  
3 packages mince meat for 20 cents  
Best kerosine oil 7c per gallon.  
Lamp wicks 1c per yard.

Best Baking Powder 20c per pound.  
No. 1 lamp chimneys 8c each.  
No. 2 lamp chimneys 5c each.

Best Lantern Globes 5c each.  
Choice Coffee 19c per pound.  
Mixed and stick candy 10c per pound.

Fine perfumes 35c per ounce.  
Clothes pins 6 dozen for 5c.  
24 pounds Extra C Sugar for \$1.00

Fine N. O. Molasses for 25c per gal.  
Extra Japan tea 30c per pound.  
9 sticks best chicory for 10c.

Choice Mustard 15c per jug.  
3 cakes elegant toilet soap for 20c.  
Fine syrup 25c per gallon

Axle grease 5c per box.  
25 pounds sulphur for \$1.  
Bauner smoking tobacco 15c per pound.

Good fine cut tobacco 25c per lb.  
Good plug tobacco 25c per pound.  
Best Sardines 5c per box.

Purest Spices that can be bought  
Rising sun stove polish 5c per package.  
Good smoking tobacco 18c per lb.

Fine toothpicks 5c per package.  
Pure Cider Vinegar 18c per gallon.  
Verily, Merrily, More and More,  
It Pays to Trade at

GLAZIER'S STORE.

Dr. W. A. CONLAN,

DENTIST.

Office Over Glazier's Drug Store,  
CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

Dr. K. GREINER,

Homeopathic Physician and  
Surgeon.

Office hours—10 to 12 a. m. and  
1 to 4 p. m.

Office in the Sherry building,  
Chelsea, Mich.

PALMER & TWITCHELL

PHYSICIANS

AND

SURGEONS.

Office over Kempf's new bank. Chelsea.

H. W. SCHMIDT,

Physician & Surgeon.

SPECIALTIES:—Diseases of the  
Nose, Throat, Eye and Ear.

OFFICE HOURS:—10 to 12 and  
2 to 5.

Operative, Prosthetic  
and Ceramic Dent-  
istry in all their  
branches. Teeth ex-  
amined and advice  
given free. Special  
attention given to  
children's teeth: Nitrous oxide and Local  
Anesthetic used in extracting. Permanently  
located.

H. H. AVERY, D. D. S.

Office over Kempf Bro's Bank.

The Parlor Barber Shop,

Chelsea, Mich.

Good work and close attention to busi-  
ness is my motto. With this in view, I  
hope to secure, at least, part of your  
patronage.

GEO. EDER, Prop.



# REMNANT SALE!

Of all Remnants of Dry Goods to be continued for only one week longer. We must have the room for other goods, so every Remnant in our immense Dry Goods Department has been marked lower than ever before and must be sold this week if low prices will do it. We have put prices on them that will surely move them at once.

We have marked Remnants of the best Cotton 5c Challies only 3c. Remnants of 7c Prints only 5c per yard. Remnants of 8 and 10c Gingham only 5c per yard. Remnants of 12c Shirting only 7c per yard. Remnants of Laces about one-half the usual price. Remnants of Wool Dress Goods at one-fourth to one-third off the regular prices. Remember we sell all Clothing ONE-FOURTH OFF until August 18th

**H. S. HOLMES MERCANTILE COMPANY.**

## The Evening News,

"The Great Daily of Michigan."

You take your home paper of course you do, but it is a mistake not to read "The Great Daily of Michigan," the leader in every branch of news, as well as thought and literary merit. If you find any or all other State papers profitable, yet THE NEWS should and will find a place in your hands and your families. Tens of thousands of other citizens of this great State have found its worth.

2 CENTS PER COPY.  
10 CENTS A WEEK.  
\$2.50 FOR 3 MONTHS BY MAIL.

THE EVENING NEWS, DETROIT.

Agencies in every village, town and city in the State of Michigan.

### Chancery Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN. The Twenty-second Judicial Circuit, in Chancery.  
Mary Warner, complainant vs. John P. Warner, defendant.  
Said pending in the Circuit Court for the County of Washtenaw. In Chancery, at Ann Arbor on the 13th day of July A. D. 1894.  
In this cause, it appearing from affidavit on file that the defendant, John P. Warner is not a resident of this state, but a resident of Syracuse, Onondaga County, State of New York.  
On motion of complainant's Solicitors it is ordered that the appearance of said non-resident defendant, John P. Warner; be entered herein within four months from the date of this order, and in case of his appearance he causes his answer to the bill of Complaint to be filed, and a copy thereof to be served on the complainant's solicitors within twenty days after service on him of a copy of said bill and notice of this order; and in default thereof said bill will be taken as confessed by said non-resident. And it is further ordered that within twenty days the complainant cause a notice of this order to be published in the Chelsea Herald, a newspaper printed, published and circulating in said county, and that said publication be continued once in each week for six weeks in succession or that he cause a copy of this order to be personally served on said non-resident defendant at least twenty days before the time above prescribed for his appearance.  
ARTHUR BROWN, Register.  
LESLIE D. BROS. Complainant's Solicitors.

### Sheriff's Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given, that by virtue of a writ of fieri facias, issued out of the circuit court for the county of Washtenaw, state of Michigan, in favor of Henry W. Schmidt, against the goods and chattels and real estate of Mortimer W. Bush, in said county to me directed and delivered, I did on the 25th day of June last, levy upon and take all the right, title and interest of the said Mortimer W. Bush, in and to the following described real estate, that situated in the South half of Block five (5) of the Village of Chelsea, County of Washtenaw, State of Michigan, particularly known, bounded and the lands of Burnett Steinbach, on the North by the lands of Charles Steinbach, on the West by the lands of Hiram A. Pavey and Merchants Bank, and on the South by Middle street, and being the same lands and tenements now occupied by John A. Eisenman.  
All of which I shall expose for sale at public auction or vendue, to the highest bidder, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Ann Arbor, in said county, there being the place of holding the circuit court for the said county at Ann Arbor, on the 27th day of August next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon.  
Dated this 12th day of July, A. D. 1894.  
MICHAEL BRENNER, Sheriff.

### Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw. Village of Chelsea, ss. To Ann Ackley, defendant, No. 16, entitled: "A Special Ordinance for the construction of sidewalks on the West side of Main Street, on the South side of Main Street, on the South side of Middle Street, on the East side of East Street, on the West side of Polk Street, and on the North side of Middle Street in the Village of Chelsea," approved June 22nd, 1894, has been passed and published.  
That by the terms of said Special Ordinance you are required to make improvements mentioned in said Village of Chelsea, to-wit: On the West side of Main Street, in front of a piece of land, bounded on the North by land of Anna Whitaker, on the South by Thomas Holmes and the West by D. Tichenor, on the East by Main Street.  
Said length of walk, 90 feet, which said sidewalk is required to be constructed within forty days from this date, failing in which such improvements will be made by and under the direction of the Council and the cost thereof assessed as a Special Tax on the owner or holder of such property and collected in the manner provided by the Charter and Ordinance of said Village.  
Dated, July 15th, 1894.  
J. B. COLE, Clerk of said Village.

## REDUCTION SALE!

Great Reductions on all Millinery Goods at

### Mrs. Staffan's

Millinery Store.

And being the only millinery store in town on the ground floor is the most desirable place to trade.

Largest line of trimmed hats and most complete line of children's goods in town. Inspection solicited

### Commissioners' Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw. The undersigned having been appointed by the Probate Court for said County, Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of Lewis S. Hadley, late of said County, deceased, hereby give notice that six months from date are allowed, by order of said Probate Court, for Creditors to present their claims against the estate of said deceased, and that they will meet at the late residence of said deceased in the township of Lyndon in said County, on the 23rd day of August and on the 23rd day of November next, at ten o'clock A. M., of each of said days, to receive, examine and adjust said claims.  
Dated May 23rd, 1894.  
GEORGE MARSHALL, Commissioners.  
HARRISON HADLEY

### Mortgage Sale.

DEFAULT having been made in the conditions of a mortgage executed by Jesse Youngs and Annette Youngs to Joseph T. McIntire dated May 5th, 1892, recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for Washtenaw County, State of Michigan, May 10, 1892, in Liber 77 of Mortgages on page 99 upon which mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice for principal, interest and attorney's fee as provided for in said mortgage the sum of nine hundred, twenty and 20-100 dollars.  
Notice is hereby given that said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the mortgaged premises at public vendue to the highest bidder on the 31st day of August next at 10 o'clock in the forenoon at the southerly front door of the Court House in the city of Ann Arbor in said County to satisfy the amount claimed to be due on said mortgage and all legal costs, to-wit: The West half of the town-west quarter of section Twenty-six Township of Ypsilanti, Washtenaw County, State of Michigan.  
Dated, June 5th, 1894.  
JOSEPH T. MCINTIRE, Mortgagee.  
D. C. GRIFFEN, Attorney for Mortgagee.

For sale or rent, house and lot on Harrison street. Enquire of U. H. Townsend.

### Additional Local.

Homer Ives, of Unadilla, was in town last week.  
Ward Morton spent last Saturday at Put-in-Bay.  
The population of the state has increased 57,048 in four years.  
Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Whitaker were Ann Arbor visitors last Tuesday.  
Col. Ives, of Mason, is the guest of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. G. Ives.  
Charles J. Rosier, of Buffalo, N. Y., is now in the employ of C. J. Chandler.  
Master Verna Evans is spending the present week with friends at Grass Lake.  
Arthur Briggs, of Jackson, was the guest of his uncle, H. S. Holmes, the past week.  
Mrs. Etta Drew, of Dexter, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Haner last Saturday.  
Mrs. J. J. Walker, of Ann Arbor, was entertained by Miss Kate Canfield, Saturday of last week.  
Mrs. Thos. Gough, of Manchester, committed suicide recently with rough-on-rats. Family troubles.  
Rev. Whitcomb will deliver an address in I. O. G. T. Hall on Tuesday evening, Aug. 7th, at 8 p. m. Subject, "Some aspects of the temperance question."  
Ice cream by the quart or gallon at reasonable rates. Special rates to societies. E. L. Alexander, West Summit street, Chelsea.  
John T. Rich was renominated for governor on the first ballot at the Republican state convention at Grand Rapids Tuesday.  
The Geo. G. Harris Mfg. Co., of Ypsilanti, manufacturers of the Grape Leaf Baking Powder, have a new "adv" on last page.  
Hon. S. G. Ives, who went to the Battle Creek Sanitarium some time ago for treatment, is seriously ill at his home on Jefferson street.  
The young band is composed of the right material. Instead of practicing in a warm room they get out on the street where the people can hear them.  
Mrs. Eliza Congdon and children wish to thank their many friends and neighbors for the many acts of kindness during their recent sad bereavement.  
The Congregational Society will hold their morning services, Sunday School and Young People's meeting at the Lutheran church, at the usual time next Sunday, Aug. 5th. Union services in the evening at the M. E. church. Topic: "A Public Protest."

The pretty and fascinating typewriter is likely to lose her place. A mere machine, the phonograph, is to do the deadly and wicked work. The phonograph is a machine 18 inches long by 12 wide, and the business man can dictate his letters into one end of it and pull them out the other end ready for mailing. He has only to press a button and talk and the phonograph does the rest.  
A Republican County Convention to elect twenty-one delegates to a congressional convention to be held at Adrian, Thursday, Aug. 16, 1894; also to elect twenty-one delegates to attend a senatorial convention yet to be called, and to transact such other business as may properly come before it, will be held at the Court House, in the city of Ann Arbor, on Tuesday, Aug. 7th, 1894, at 11 o'clock a. m. The various townships and wards will be entitled to one delegate for every fifty votes cast for governor at the last preceding election. Sylvan is entitled to twelve delegates.  
The Chelsea Electric Light Company with a capital stock of \$35,000 was organized last week, a majority of the stockholders being employees in The Glazier Stove Company's works. At a director's meeting recently held, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: Chas. M. Davis, President; Archie W. Wilkinson, Vice-President; Frank P. Glazier, Treasurer; Fred Wedemeyer, Secretary; A. R. Welch, Manager. Organized to give employees in the Stove Works share in profits. Improvements contemplated. Arc Light Dynamo to be added.  
Mr. C. F. Keller, of Fredrick, chairman of the Crawford county delegation to the Republican state convention at Grand Rapids, learning there of the serious illness of his old-time friend, Hon. S. G. Ives, of this village, paid him a welcome visit Wednesday. Mr. Keller was for many years a member of Mr. Ives' family while he resided on his farm in Unadilla. Mr. Keller is now one of Crawford County's most successful business men, being the owner of a fine farm. Of late he has turned his attention to trade, and is building up a fine business. Mr. Keller was formerly postmaster of Fredrick, and says the plums are ripening again and his hat will be right side up when the fruit drops.

### Leaves for Food.

The recent experiments in Germany showing a high nutritive value in leaves of trees is being further emphasized by investigations by the French department of agriculture which is seeking to transform twigs and leaves into food for stock. There is nothing new, however, in all of this except the method of approach, as the Romans 2,000 years ago fed their work oxen on leaves and twigs. The question is one of economy. Shall we find a crop of leaves as economical as a crop of grass? There is but one answer to the question, where grass can be obtained. The experiments mentioned have been undertaken in Europe because it was a question largely of killing the cattle or feeding them on leaves and twigs, on account of the widespread failure of the grass crop.  
**Bringing up of Mothers.**  
A young person has been writing an article on the bringing up of mothers. Thirty years ago mothers were not brought up; they just grew. They wore caps early, gave up dancing when their children were in short frocks and knickerbockers, and developed all sorts of incorrect ideas about chaperons and flirtations. Formerly the young idea was trained the way it should go. Now the old tree is pruned and pared into shape. Girls have assumed the responsibility of looking after their mothers. Mothers are kept to see to a well-ordered house, coax refractory fathers and attend to bores. They must, moreover, be ornamental, look well at the head of the table, dress becomingly, keep up with the fashions, look nice when the girls take them out with them, and smile encouragingly at the young men. Nor are their morals forgotten. Frequently one hears a girl say: "It is an interesting show but not one I'd care to take my mother to."

### The Hair.

The roots of the hair are each supplied with a blood vessel of its own and with proper nerves, though the latter do not extend into the hair itself. On the health of the roots of the hair the whole growth depends. On either side of the root and a little above it are two small glands, which secrete an oily substance that gives gloss to the hair, and the glands serve to protect the roots of the hair from becoming clogged with dust. Each separate hair is a hollow tube and through its length is conveyed the food essential to health and growth.

### Excursion.

Odd Fellows meeting, Charlotte, Mich. Aug. 20-22, 1894. Rate of one and one-third first class fare for round trip. Date of sale, Aug. 20, 21 and 22, 1894, good to return until Aug. 23, 1894, inclusive.  
Peninsular Sangerbund, Bay City, Mich., Aug. 7 to 9, 1894. Rate of one first-class limited fare for the round trip. Dates of sale Aug. 6 and 7, 1894, good to return until Aug. 10, 1894, inclusive.  
Prohibition State Convention, Kalamazoo, August 8, 1894. Rate of one first-class fare for round trip is authorized for the above occasion to Kalamazoo and return. Dates of sale, Aug. 7 and 8, good to return Aug. 7, 1894.  
Barnum & Bailey shows, Jackson, Aug. 7th. Rate of one and one-half cents per mile each way for the round trip, plus 50 cents for admission ticket.  
Union Veteran's Union National Encampment and Woman's Veteran Relief Union, Rochester, N. Y., Aug. 21-23, 1894. Rate of one lowest first-class limited fare for round trip. Dates of sale Aug. 20 and 21, good to return not later than Aug. 25.  
Annual Encampment, Sons of Veterans, Davenport, Ia., Aug. 20-24, 1894. Rate of one and one-third lowest first-class limited fare for round trip. Dates of sale, Aug. 17 18 and 19, good to return until Aug. 26, 1894, inclusive.  
German Day Celebration, Chelsea, Aug. 9, 1894, a rate of one and one-third first class fare for the round trip, between Jackson and Ypsilanti, inclusive. Date of sale Aug. 9, good to return until Aug. 10, 1894, inclusive.  
Lansing Driving Park Race Meeting, Lansing, Mich., Aug. 20-24, 1894. A rate of one and one-half first class limited fare for the round trip. Dates of sale, Aug. 20 to 24, good to return until Aug. 25, 1894.

### A Million Friends.

A friend in need is a friend indeed, and not less than one million people have found just such a friend in Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs, and Colds.—If you have never used this Great Cough Medicine, one trial will convince you that it has wonderful curative powers in all diseases of Throat, Chest and Lungs. Each bottle is guaranteed to do all that is claimed or money will be refunded. Trial bottles free at Glazier & Co's., Drug store. Large bottles 50c and \$1.00.

## Does It Puzzle You

### What

To eat this warm weather? If so call at our store and we will help you out of your difficulty.

### There is no need

Of roasting yourself over a hot cook stove when you can find everything in the way of meats and vegetables put up in cans ready for immediate use, and it only takes five minutes to serve them hot.

See our line of White Label Soups put up by Armour Canning Co.

### We Lead

Them all when it comes Bakery Goods, and our stock is always fresh.

Step in and ask to sample our Parasian Fruit Wafers and Tiffin Strips. These goods are positively the finest ever shown in Chelsea.

### For Cold Meats,

Canned fish, vegetables, sardines, lobster, or canned goods of any kind, remember that our goods are always the best, we buy no second quality stock.

### Fresh, Crisp Celery Daily.

When you want a good cup of tea, something that will please you, don't forget the famous

### Stork Chop

For sale only by

## Beissel & Staffan

Durand & Hatch Block, Chelsea, Mich.

## W. L. DOUGLAS

### \$3 SHOE

IS THE BEST. NO SQUEAKING. And other specialties for Gentlemen, Ladies, Boys and Misses are the Best in the World. See descriptive advertisement which appears in this paper. Take no Substitute. Insist on having W. L. DOUGLAS' SHOES, with name and price stamped on bottom. Sold by

## W. F. Riemenschneider & Co.

## MICHIGAN CENTRAL

### "The Niagara Falls Route."

Time table taking effect June 10th, 1894.

90th MERIDIAN TIME.

Passengers Trains on the Michigan Central Railroad will leave Chelsea Station as follows:

GOING EAST.	
Detroit Night Express.....	5:10 A. M.
Grand Rapids Express.....	10:35 A. M.
Mail and Express.....	3:23 P. M.
GOING WEST.	
Mail and Express.....	9:17 A. M.
Grand Rapids Express.....	6:30 P. M.
Chicago Night Express.....	10:52 P. M.

WM. MARTIN, Agent, Chelsea.  
O. W. RUGGLES, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Chicago.

### ECONOMY REPAIRING OUTFIT.

Great time and money saver. A necessity during hard times and a convenience always. The best outfit ever offered for home use for repairing boots, shoes, rubber boots, coats, harness, wire fences, and hundreds of things which constantly need attention. Full instructions sent with each outfit so that a boy can use them. Money saved in money made. These tools pay for themselves many times every year. Complete shoe repair outfit, including iron lasts and standard, and everything necessary for complete work. 25 articles only \$2.00. See cut. Extra tools, etc., for harness work—33 articles, \$5.00. Either outfit by express or freight, neatly boxed, on receipt of price. The one ordering the first set in a place secures the agency and makes large profits. No goods until paid for. Address,

## ECONOMY SUPPLY HOUSE, Niram, Ohio.



TO CORRESPONDENTS.

All communications for this paper should be accompanied by the name of the author, not necessarily for publication, but as an evidence of good faith on the part of the writer. Write only on one side of the paper. Be particularly careful in giving names and dates to have the letters and figures plain and distinct. Proper names are often difficult to decipher, because of the careless manner in which they are written.

An English surgeon says that people who use rocking chairs the most become deaf the soonest, and that rocking also hurts the eyes and makes people near-sighted.

GEN. A. J. WARNER, president of the Bimetallic League, has called for a conference of all who favor the immediate restoration of the bimetallic standard in the United States, to be held at Washington August 18.

THOMAS WICKES, the vice president of the Pullman Co., is an Englishman by birth, and is 48 years of age. He came to this country in 1866, and two years later entered the employ of the Pullman Co. as an assistant ticket agent.

Boys playing on a roof near Oakwood and Grand boulevards, Chicago, found a mangled arm. The spot was about fifty yards from the scene of the caisson explosion. It is believed that the member was blown from the body of Cannoner Edward Doyle.

A MR. STONE, of Perry, Okla., has entered into a contract with a number of Ponca Indians, with a view of forming a baseball team, which shall tour the country. Stone has the permission of the secretary of the interior. The Indians will probably play in the museums.

The Pantheon in Paris affords sepulcher thus far only to thirty-five illustrious dead, including the remains of President Carnot. The body of Renau must lie for ten years in the cemetery of Montmartre before it can be taken to its final resting place in this historical edifice.

"FRUITARIANS" are the latest novelty in the world of cranks. They are ascetic beings, who consider modern civilization far too luxurious, and, therefore, agree to live upon nothing but fruit and water, to live in bare huts without any comforts, and to wear as little clothing as possible.

THE last number of the Bulletin of the American Geographical society announces that the recent study of the observations on mountain summits in the neighborhood of Mt. St. Elias, shows that Mt. Logan is the loftiest peak in North America, with a height of 19,500 feet, thus being 1,200 feet higher than Orizaba, and 1,500 feet higher than Mt. St. Elias.

DELAWARE'S ancient law requiring a bridegroom to give the state an indemnity bond never causes any serious trouble, and if the penalty was ever enforced it must have been a long while ago. The man going on the bridegroom's bond engages that the children that may come of the prospective union shall not become a charge upon the state.

CARNOT was never rich, and his family leave the Elysee poorer than when they entered it. The dead president used to say in regard to the large salary and allowance given him as president: "I must not save a centime of the money allowed me by the treasury, but I must use it to keep up a respectable if not an ostentatious position as the representative of France."

A PLAN is on foot in New York city to relieve the taxpayers there of the burden of caring for the state insane. The state has always cared for her own insane, but in addition to that is annually called on to contribute more than \$600,000 toward caring for New York's insane outside of the great metropolis. The city has finally refused to pay this assessment and the case has been carried to the courts.

THE introduction of electricity on the Philadelphia street car lines has just thrown 12,000 horses on the market, which sold at the absurdly low price of \$5 and \$10 apiece. The substitution of electricity for horse power in drawing vehicles on highways and in performing ordinary farm work threatens to leave this patient servant of man without an occupation, except possibly for racing and sentimental purposes.

DURING a meeting of the naval board at Washington recently one of its members appeared in the uniform worn by naval officers in summer. It was a breach of naval etiquette, and the president of the board called the offending member's attention to it, and requested him to return to his quarters and don the regulation suit on such occasions. The board then took a recess while the naval officer retired and returned again in a garb according to etiquette.

THE Massachusetts Sons of the Revolution are engaged in the creditable work of hunting out unmarked graves of revolutionary heroes in New England cemeteries and placing over them a handsome marker made of bronzed iron in the form of a Maltese cross and wreath, duly inscribed. An idea of the magnitude of the undertaking can be gathered from the fact that Massachusetts alone sent 86,000 soldiers to the front during the war for American independence.

TOWN IN RUINS.

Resistless Sweep of Forest Fires in Northern Wisconsin.

Many Towns lie Down in the Path of the Flames—Railway Bridges Burned—A Train Left in Ashes—Farmers Hemmed In.

GREAT DESTRUCTION.

ASHLAND, Wis., July 30.—Forest fires are producing great suffering and loss throughout this vicinity. On the Wisconsin Central railroad it is impossible to move trains. Phillips, the headquarters of the John R. Davis Lumber company, a manufacturing town of 2,000 people, is totally destroyed by fire, and only a few buildings remain standing.

Shores Crossing, a little village 8 miles west of Ashland, was destroyed Friday afternoon; not a building remains standing and the homeless families were brought to Ashland. The railroad bridges near there were destroyed and at 4 o'clock Friday afternoon a fast Omaha freight and sixteen loaded cars were entirely burned.

Mason, a small town south on the Omaha line, caught fire at 3 o'clock. The White River Lumber company's mill, with 40,000,000 feet of lumber in the yards, was destroyed, and at 6 o'clock the latest report received here said the entire town was threatened. The Omaha bridge across the White river at Mason is burned. Railroad officials say the loss at Mason is fully \$1,000,000, with \$250,000 insurance.

Trains Blocked by Fire.

The tannery and immense lumbering concern at Phillips are among the ruins, so that the loss will be appalling. The Central passenger, which was due here from Milwaukee Friday afternoon, is at Chelsea unable to pass Phillips. The Omaha freight train destroyed near Shores Crossing was loaded with wheat. A wrecking crew is now at work, but the engine will be the only part of the train saved. The fire came upon Shores Crossing with terrible rapidity and residents there lost everything they possessed. Not a structure of any kind remains standing there. A dozen bridges on the Omaha line have been burned and railroad men say it will take two weeks to rebuild one destroyed at Mason.

Much damage is done to timber, and logging interests throughout northern Wisconsin are suffering. Two bridges are reported to have been burned and the logging railroad of the Ashland Lumber company, together with two engines. The progress of the fire has not been retarded and it swept away the buildings of Camp 1 belonging to the same company Friday afternoon.

Farmers Hemmed In by Flames.

MEDFORD, Wis., July 30.—What is known as Powell's mills, 8 miles west of here, sent word early Friday morning asking for assistance on account of forest fires. The hand engine was dispatched at once with teams and 100 men went to the rescue and arrived none too soon to save the mill residence for the time being. Small farmers in the vicinity moved their families and what little they could gather on a wagon and came to the mill site. For two hours Friday afternoon 150 men, women and children were confined on five acres of ground surrounded by a seething mass of flames and almost stifled by clouds of smoke. All communication or means of escape was cut off.

Live stock is lying by the side of the road burned to a crisp. Great fears are entertained for a dozen farmers who live northeast of Powell's mills, whose one road of exit is surrounded by fire. Word has been received here that six families between Chelsea and Rib Lake were burned out. The Wisconsin Central mail train which reached here six hours late is stopped here as a railroad bridge between here and Chelsea is burned.

HUNTINGTON, Ind., July 30.—Prairie fires are raging fiercely between this city and Fort Wayne. For two or three days they have been burning over several thousand acres of wheat, oats and hay fields and stubble fields. Whole families in that section were out fighting the fire.

COMMONWEALERS SEEK AID.

Abandoned by Their Generals, They Call on Congress for Help.

WASHINGTON, July 28.—Large and indignant delegations from the industrial armies encamped about Washington applied at the room of the house committee on labor Thursday, not to urge their bills but to plead for assistance. The expected has happened—their leaders have deserted them and they seek congressional aid to return to the localities whence they came. Coxe's men said that their leader had left them in the lurch. Kelly's men averred that their leader had drifted away several days ago and that they did not expect to see him again, while Frye's men said their leader had probably abandoned them. The men who were brought from the Pacific coast by Kelly were particularly indignant and some expressed a fervid desire to tar and feather their general. Mr. McGann told them there was not the slightest chance of a government appropriation for their return and sent them to the local superintendent of charities.

OUT OF JAIL.

Debs and his Companions Decide to Accept Bail.

CHICAGO, July 26.—When court met for the morning session Judge Woods rendered a decision holding that, under the information filed in the contempt proceedings against Debs, Howard, Keliher and Rogers, of the American Railway union, the defendants must answer to the court for the crime of interfering with interstate commerce and with the United States mails, and formally overruling the motion of the defense to quash the informations against them for contempt.

Judge Grosscup then announced that he had taken no part in the decisions on the motions to quash, and he announced further that he would take no further part in the contempt proceedings for the reason that the defendants are under indictment in the United States district court over which he presides, and is same questions of law will be raised under the indictments.

Further action in the case was discontinued until September 5. Debs and the other defendants, after consulting with their attorneys, decided to abandon their policy of remaining in jail under the charge of contempt, and give bail.

Debs and Howard were already under \$10,000 bail each, under the first indictment for conspiracy. Since then five other indictments have been returned against them and Keliher and Rogers. In these cases the bail was reduced to \$1,000 from \$3,000 in each case, and it was also cut down from \$3,000 to \$1,000 in each of the two contempt cases. So that the new bail entered in all the cases was \$7,000 for each man.

It is thought Debs and his associates will endeavor to plead a conspiracy among railroad managers against organized labor.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Twelve hundred militiamen, comprising the Third brigade, Illinois national guard, have been ordered to leave the city.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—The president has appointed John D. Kernan, of New York, and Nicholas E. Worthington, of Peoria, Ill., to act with Labor Commissioner Carroll D. Wright on the presidential commission to investigate the Chicago strike.

Mr. Kernan is a well known lawyer in Utica, N. Y., and a son of ex-United States Senator Kernan. He has been a particular and thorough student of labor questions, and has written several important contributions to literature on this subject. He was chosen because of his undoubted thorough understanding of the subject and his well known sympathy with the laboring classes. Nicholas E. Worthington is now a judge of the Illinois circuit court. He represented the Peoria district in congress about eight years ago.

CHICAGO, July 28.—Whether the American Railway union should declare its strike at an end or whether it should be continued along an altered plan of operations are questions which will be considered at a delegate convention of the order to assemble at Ulich's hall Thursday, August 2. The call for the convention was formulated at the meeting at the Revere house Thursday morning of the American Railway union directory—its first session since the arrest of the officers of the organization.

President Debs said the delegates would not come from all the 500 subordinate unions, but only from unions at points which have been directly affected by the strike.

In the meantime the strike will be in force, but it is said that nothing will be done looking to its spread, and it is probable that those who are left in charge of matters at this end will issue no orders to those who are out until the delegates have decided on some plan of action. President Debs left for Terre Haute Thursday afternoon.

ANOTHER CABLE LAID.

Record Broken in Laying the Largest One Across the Atlantic.

HEART'S CONTENT, N. F., July 30.—The final splice of the Anglo-American Telegraph company's new cable was made at 11 a. m., Greenwich time, and the laying of the largest cable across the Atlantic was then successfully completed. The time taken in laying this cable was the shortest on record. The expedition left Heart's Content July 15, in the afternoon, and the Irish shore end was laid in less than two days, the total time taken being inside of two weeks. A noteworthy coincidence is the fact that the final splice was made on the anniversary of the day on which the first successful cable was landed at Heart's Content in 1866, twenty-eight years ago, and not only on the same date, but on the same day of the week.

GEN. PLEASANTON DIES.

He Passes Away at His Home in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, July 28.—Gen. Augustus J. Pleasanton, known as "Blue Glass" Pleasanton, died Thursday night. He was a brother of Gen. Alfred Pleasanton, the famous soldier. [Augustus J. Pleasanton was born in Washington eighty-six years ago and graduated from the United States military academy in 1862. He enlisted in the Pennsylvania militia and at the outbreak of the civil war was made commander of the home guard of Philadelphia. He was the originator of the theory that the sun's rays when passed through blue glass were particularly stimulating, not only to vegetation but to the health and growth of animals.]

WAR HAS BEGUN.

Troubles Between China and Japan Are Coming to a Head.

NEW YORK, July 30.—The Herald's Shanghai dispatch says: The Chinese transports sunk off the Korean coast by Japanese guns belonged to the fleet of eleven steamers which sailed from Taku on Friday, July 20, with 12,000 troops. The fleet left Taku under an escort of gunboats. The majority of the transports proceeded slowly with the gunboats, while the faster ones steamed at full speed so as to land their troops as soon as possible. On the transports which arrived first at the Korean coast were a few hundred soldiers from the army of the north; most of the force, however, consisted of coolies with inferior firearms, or merely bows and arrows. The attack upon the steamers by the Japanese, which took place last Wednesday, is described briefly in a dispatch received from Nagasaki. The firing was begun by a Japanese battery on the shore while the Chinese officers were trying to disembark their men from the first steamer. The cruisers then steamed up and opened fire on all the transports which were lying to, waiting to discharge the men. The Chinese were unable to make any effective resistance. They were thrown into great confusion and many jumped overboard to escape the hot fire under which two transports suffered severely.

The Associated Press correspondent finds that the consensus of opinion in London shows that England is in sympathy with China. This is owing mainly to Russia's active wish to see Japan successful, and thus form a barrier to England's progress in the far east.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—The king of Korea is a Japanese prisoner. This was the important statement contained in a telegram dated Thursday which Secretary Herbert has received from Capt. Day, of the United States steamship Baltimore, now at Chemulpo, Korea. Capt. Day, besides stating that the king of Korea is a captive in the hands of the Japanese, reported that he had dispatched a force of marines from his ship to Seoul, the capital, to protect the United States legation.

A GRAVE CONDITION.

Quotations from R. D. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade.

NEW YORK, July 30.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says:

"The heavy outgo of gold, the fall of the treasury reserve and of the price of wheat to the lowest point on record, and the increasing uncertainty about the tariff have entirely overshadowed other industries. Business delayed for months by the great strikes now crowds the railroads and swells returns and gives the impression of revival in business. But it is not yet clear how far there is an increase in new traffic distinguished from that which has been merely blocked or deferred. In some branches there has been more activity but in others less, because events early this week led many to infer that no change of tariff would be made.

"Wheat has found the lowest depth and has sold below 55 cents, making the monthly average at New York the lowest ever known. Corn was stronger, with accounts of injury to part of the crop, and the exports are trifling. Cotton declined a sixteenth of 7 cents, though receipts from plantations were small. Textile industries have been perceptibly stimulated, according to dealers, by disagreements which many suppose will prevent change of the tariff and there has been more buying of cotton goods, with slightly higher prices for a few, notwithstanding the closing of some important mills. The stock of such goods is on the whole quite large. In woollens the goods famine, which clothes prepared for themselves by deferring orders, is such that imperative necessities now keep most of the mills at work and purchases of wool for immediate use are large.

"For the week failures have been 249 in the United States, against 383 last year, and 30 in Canada, against 23 last year."

RUIN TO THE CROPS.

The Long-Continued Drought Parches Western Fields.

DENVER, Col., July 30.—Passengers arriving here report widespread destruction of crops in Kansas and Nebraska by hot winds. Superintendent Campbell of the Burlington road says that figures will hardly express the damage that has been wrought within the last week. Two weeks ago experts estimated that Nebraska would have a big corn crop. Mr. Campbell, whose division extends through Nebraska, declares it will be necessary to ship corn into many counties of that state in order that the farmers may live another season. Hundreds of square miles of the finest looking corn hangs dry and lifeless. Reports from the lines of the Union Pacific, Rock Island, Missouri Pacific and Santa Fe are of the same tenor. Railroad men regard the damage as more disastrous than the strike.

IRON HALL CASH AWARDED.

Baltimore Court Turns \$100,000 Over to the General Receiver.

BALTIMORE, Md., July 30.—Judge Dennis has decided in favor of the petition of James F. Failey, of Indiana, the general receiver of the order of the Iron Hall, to have the \$100,000 in the hands of the local receivers, Charles J. Wiener and Joseph C. France, distributed by himself. Judge Dennis says, however, that while the fund will be awarded the Indiana receiver for distribution, it will only be so ordered after the court has received satisfactory proof of the adoption by the Indiana court of such provisions as will protect the members of the order resident here, and assure to them a fair distribution of all the assets. They must be put upon an equal footing with the most favored class of the creditors in the court of the domicile of the corporation.

THE PALACE FALLS.

Japanese Defeat Koreans at Seoul—The King's Residence Captured.

BERLIN, July 30.—Advices received here from Seoul by way of Shanghai show that upon the refusal of Korea to accede to Japan's demand that the Chinese troops be sent out of the country, the Japanese advanced on Seoul. After a short encounter, in which the Koreans were defeated, the Japanese occupied the royal palace. The king of Korea thereupon asked the foreign representatives to intervene.

A dispatch from Shanghai gives further details of the recent naval engagement. One of the Japanese warships got within a comparatively short distance of the transport Kow Shing and discharged a torpedo at her. The missile was well directed and struck the transport fairly. A terrific explosion followed and the Kow Shing began at once to fill. Prior to the discharge of the torpedo the crew of the transport, which was armed, and the military force on board of her made a hard fight against the attacking force. Many of those on board of her were shot dead on her deck.

Every foreigner on board the transport, which had been chartered by the Chinese government from an English company, was either killed in the fighting or went down with the vessel when she foundered.

The loss of life was very great. Of nearly 2,000 Chinese troops on board of her only forty were saved. They were picked up by the French gunboat Lion that was cruising in the vicinity.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—It is admitted in diplomatic circles here that the king of Korea is a virtual prisoner, but it is insisted that actual possession of his person has not been taken by the Japanese troops. It is stated that the palace of the Korean king is surrounded by large grounds and that around these the Japanese have placed an armed guard, so as to control the movements of the king.

BASEBALL.

Standing of Clubs in the Race for the Various Championships.

The following table shows the number of games won and lost so far this season by clubs of the National Baseball league:

CLUBS.	Won.	Lost.	Per Cent.
Boston	53	27	.663
Baltimore	46	28	.622
New York	47	31	.605
Cleveland	47	31	.605
Brooklyn	42	33	.560
Philadelphia	39	35	.527
Pittsburgh	42	34	.555
Cincinnati	39	39	.500
St. Louis	35	43	.449
Chicago	32	46	.410
Louisville	26	54	.325
Washington	23	56	.291

Western association:

CLUBS.	Won.	Lost.	Per Cent.
Rock Island	43	33	.565
St. Joseph	41	33	.554
Omaha	40	35	.533
Lincoln	38	34	.526
Peoria	39	36	.520
Jacksonville	38	35	.520
Des Moines	35	39	.474
Quincy	23	50	.315

Western league:

CLUBS.	Won.	Lost.	Per Cent.
Sioux City	49	24	.671
Toledo	43	32	.573
Minneapolis	42	35	.545
Kansas City	40	35	.533
Indianapolis	37	49	.431
Grand Rapids	39	42	.481
Detroit	30	46	.395
Milwaukee	21	47	.309

THROWN FROM HIS HORSE.

Archduke William III., of Austria, Is Killed Near Baden.

VIENNA, July 30.—Archduke William III., son of the late Archduke Charles and a second cousin of Emperor Francis Joseph, met with an accident Sunday that resulted in his death. He was riding at Weikersdorf, near Baden, when his horse shied, being frightened by a passing electric car. The archduke was thrown out of the saddle and falling his head struck a stone. One of his feet became entangled in a stirrup, and the horse running, he was dragged some distance before the animal was stopped. The archduke, who was unconscious, was carried into a nearby restaurant, and medical aid was at once summoned. The physicians found that he was suffering from concussion of the brain and gave orders for his removal to his own villa. Shortly after he had been placed in bed at the villa he recovered consciousness and hopes were entertained for his recovery. He soon relapsed and shortly afterward died.

KILLED BY AN EXPLOSION.

Three Victims of an Accident in a Colliery at Ashland, Pa.

ASHLAND, Pa., July 30.—One of a nest of six boilers at Leigh valley colliery No. 4 exploded Saturday night, instantly killing one man and severely injuring three, two of whom have since died. The dead are: John Miller, aged 45, of Girardville; John Laubach, aged 25, of Shenandoah; Darby Shields, aged 45, of Shenandoah.

The cause of the explosion is a mystery, the boilers being inspected Saturday. At the time of the explosion the men were engaged in making the steam-pipe connections and placing the fire under the boilers. The building was wrecked and two other boilers were displaced.

Zimmerman Beats Them All.

PARIS, July 30.—At Bordeaux Sunday A. A. Zimmerman, the American, beat Loste, the best rider in southern France, and several wheelmen of local fame. The race for the Toulouz prize at the Valedrom Buffalo was won by Lumsden, with Starbuck, the American, second, and Maringer third.



**The Conference Report on the Bill De-  
bated.**

same manner that has always characterized him—he said to the chairman of the ways and means committee that he hoped that the result might be accomplished in conference with reference to free coal and iron, as he had a perfect right to do. Who would gainsay that his views on this question as much right to give conversation with the senator from Arkansas as he had before.

Senator Vilas then quoted and ranged alongside of Mr. Cleveland's utterance the statement of Senator Gorman that the senate bill would not pass if it did not have the hearty support of Mr. Cleveland. "At the very time when the president was writing his letter to Mr. Wilson," Senator Vilas went on dramatically, "the senator from Maryland and his coadjutors were appealing to Mr. Cleveland to induce him to support them 'in an effort to prevent the enactment of democratic principles instead of crystalizing them into law. How eagerly was this cry of interference now; because he has seen fit to throw the weight of his influence with the house in favor of democratic principles, because he refused to demand that they make his action a ground of complacency here and in honor cry out against executive interference.'"

Senator Vilas referred to the fact that President Washington came to the same chamber accompanied by his secretary to urge in person the ratification of a treaty he had negotiated. President Jackson's course in making his views felt by congress was also referred to. Plain-minded men whether the president had voluntarily encroached upon the rights of congress.

The charge was made that the senate had been traduced. Extracts from the letter to Mr. Wilson were read to show that the president's purpose was not to traduce the senate, but plainly to state his aspirations toward tariff reform. The president had stated that the abandonment of the great party principle would be perfidy and dishonor. No one who could question such an abandonment of principle would be dishonorable. The shaft was not aimed at any senator. It was not a personal accusation.

Senator Vilas said the view of the senator from Maryland (Gorman) could mean only one thing. It was an effort to array democrats together in the spirit of resentment and thus carry out the compromise on a tariff reform. The Willhe people accepted it as the honest execution of a party and public pledge. When this reform measure reached the senate ironer it was debated on the dutiable list. Morebore it was wearied at that debate and yet the senate could reach no result. It was at this juncture that the senator from Arkansas (Jones) d brought forward over 400 amendments. It d were to be the solution of the problem d force to bring the debate to a close. Still d discussion proceeded half a dozen days. Senator Vilas said he had recognized the necessity of yielding to these amendments. It s essential to have a revision of the tax, ending tariff quickly. It was essential, too, to a conclusion depleted treasury.

Senator Vilas eulogized the personal character and public integrity of Mr. Cleveland in the most glowing terms, declaring his dramatic fervor that the president of the United States, who had received so many evidences of the honor and respect of the American people, could not suffer from this unjustified attack of the Maryland senator.

After some general remarks by Senator Stewart against the interference of the executive with the legislative branch of the government, Senator Hill's motion that the senate vote on his amendments placing a duty of twenty cents a ton on coal and iron ore was defeated, the vote standing 6 to 65.

On the 27th Senator Washburne's motion that the senate recede from that portion of the ar amendment placing a differential of one-tenth of a cent on sugars above No. 16 Dutch was lost on a vote. The resolution was then adopted to go to a further conference. The chair appointed Senators Voorss, Jones, Vest, Harris, Sherman, Allison Aldrich.

**AN INTERRUPTED WEDDING.**

**Bridegroom Cried "Stop! Stop!" and the Bride Fainted.**

There is an old story of an interrupted wedding. The bridegroom was a striking sawyer, the bride a young lady of corresponding rank and social position. They were married by license on it was in the evening, which may be noted by the curious. The officiating clergyman duly began the service. When he came to the words: "have and to hold," the bridegroom suddenly cried out, as one in the exaltation of terror:

"Stop! Stop! I meant it only to be a fortnight!"

The clergyman stared at him.

"I meant it only for a fortnight," repeated this deplorable person.

The clergyman closed his book, shook his head in sorrow rather than anger, and departed for the vestry. The bride screeched and fell fainting into the bridesmaids' arms. It is pleasant to think that she died before her thing at the right moment; in her life the recollection must have loomed over her.

There were murmurs of gathering dissent among the male members of the family; the bridegroom swiftly followed down the aisle, and so into the night. And there he is still; did the bride ever recover him; according to the latest dispatches, eighty-eight years old, she was screeching and fainting.—N. Y. Herald.

**Gave Them a High Fall.**

A well-known Philadelphian, who youth was given a little to sport, a particular fine boy who is very fond of boxing, was one day up to a few months ago from the boys who abused and "pounded" the lad to the strictest severity, the father employed a pugilist, a little bit of a fellow, and him give the boy lessons at times a week in boxing. At moments he practiced with himself. Finally the lad, with assurance and sense of prowess comes under such circumstances, wanted to be let loose, but the held him back until he felt persatisfied. Not long ago, just as school was about to close, he told to go ahead. An opportunity presented itself, and it would be to describe the sensation that followed when the young whipper-snapper had been taking thumps for two sailed in and laid out completely two of the biggest bullies in the school.—Philadelphia Times.

"Darling," whispered the Chicago wife, "my life," she murmured. "You are wife I ever loved."—Detroit Trib-

Highest of all in leavening

# Royal

**ABSOLUTE**

Economy requires that  
for baking powder the  
will go further and make  
of finer flavor, more

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

"I GUESS Jimmie Jones was mistaken about his brother being a college graduate," Mamma—"Why, what makes you think so?" "Well, papa said they always know everything, and he couldn't even tell what our baby was cryin' about."—Inter Ocean.

**Were You Ever South in Summer?**  
It is no hotter in Tennessee, Alabama or Georgia than here, and it is positively delightful on the Gulf Coast of Mississippi and West Florida. If you are looking for a location in the South go down now and see for yourself. The Louisville Nashville Railroad and connections will sell tickets to all points South for trains of August 7th at one fare round trip. Ask your ticket agent about it, and if he cannot send you excursion tickets write to C. P. Atmore, General Passenger Agent, Louisville, Ky.

**Low Rates to St. Paul.**  
On account of the Annual Convention of the Catholic Total Abstinence Union in America, the North-Western Line will sell excursion tickets to St. Paul, Minn., and return at half rates—one fare for the round trip; tickets on sale July 30 and 31, good for return passage until August 6, 1894, inclusive. For tickets and full information apply to Agents Chicago & North-Western Railway.

UPSTREET—"Do you take any stock in saying that money talks?" Frontpaw—"We've known it to—er—have something to do with calls to preach."—Buffalo Courier

## THE TUB TIME ON ITS OWN

Sold everywhere made by THE N.K. FAIRBANKS

THE POT INSULTED THE COOK

# SAPOLIO

GOOD COOKING DEMANDS SAPOLIO SHOULD BE USED

## POPULAR EXCURSION TO NIAGARA FALLS VIA BIG FOUR ROUTE TUESDAY, AUGUST 7th.

SIDE TRIPS TO IN-BAY, LAKE CHAUTAUKA, ONTO AND THOUSAND ISLANDS.

Will be the grandest excursion of the running through to Niagara Falls via Lake Erie and Michigan Southern Ry. and New York Central R.R., with solid train of elegant Pullman sleeping cars and Wagner sleepers. No change of cars at any point and no extra route going or coming. Big Four excursions will not be compelled to lay over at connection points for connections. Tickets returning on all regular trains within five months date of sale. Thousand Island tickets ten days from date of sale.

**VERY LOW RATES:**  
**Niagara Falls and Return.**  
Albany, Littleton, Cairo, Danville, Toledo, Indianapolis, La Fayette, Wabash, Mansfield, Anderson, Munroe, Gallon and intermediate points.

Nearest agent Big Four Route for particulars.

CORMICK, D.B. MARTIN,  
Traffic Manager, General Passenger Agent,  
CINCINNATI.

strength.—Latest U. S. Gov. Food Report

# Baking Powder

## ABSOLUTELY PURE

in every receipt calling for it. Baking Royal shall be used. It makes the food lighter, sweeter, more palatable and wholesome.

106 WALL ST., NEW YORK.

"Young Mrs. Eaton seems to take a great interest in all the current events." Mr. Grapely—"Great goodness, why not! She took the prize last year for both the jelly and pie."

"Valley, Plain and Peak."

An art book of Northwestern scenes, from photographs, over 100 reproductions and colored etchings, with descriptions, elegantly printed, sent to any address for 10 cents in postage. Contains more artistic features and general information than many of the high-priced art publications now on sale. Address F. I. Whitney, G. P. & T. A. Great Northern Railway, St. Paul, Minn.

McVicker's Theater, Chicago.

Augustus Thomas' Comedy, "New Blood," is presented by a very strong company, and will surely prove a great success. Seats secured by mail.

"Is Hick's wife a nice housekeeper?" Mr. Hacks—"Well, I should say so. Why, hal the time Hicks can't find anything that belongs to him."—Demorest's Magazine.


It is not strange that stove manufacturers should be fired by ardor for the grate cause.

If you are a laborer, see that you are worthy of your higher.—Rural New Yorker.

The most expensive shoes cost two dollars a pair.—Puck.

# AT STANDS

# IN BOTTOM



# ANK COMPANY Chicago.


# E KETTLE BECAUSE

# DO NOT USED

# OLIO

# ANDS CLEANLINESS.

# ED IN EVERY KITCHEN.



# HOMES FOR

# Homeless Children.

THE CHILDREN'S HOME SOCIETY is incorporated under the laws of the State of Illinois, for the purpose of caring for homeless children. Its method is to seek approved homes that wish to receive the children, either by adoption or special contract, to carefully enquire as to the kind of home desired by each, and to send such a child on a trial basis for not less than three months. If the child is not to the home, the society has been in operation eleven years, and has placed them in fully selected homes. Persons wishing to receive children, either by adoption or special contract, will address, REV. GEO. K. HOOVER, 250 Dearborn St., Room 615, Chicago, Ill. We will answer promptly and send needed information.

Are Wanted for the Following Children:

- Boy babies, from 1 to 6 months old.
- Girl babies, from 3 weeks to 3 months old.
- Boys, from 4 to 8 years of age.
- Girls, from 7 to 11 years of age.
- Orphan boys, 5 to 7 years old.
- Orphan girls 6 years old.

N. K.—A 1511

Writing to Advertisers Please that you saw the Advertisement in this

This image shows a blank, aged, cream-colored page, likely an endpaper or flyleaf of a book. The paper has a slightly textured appearance with some minor discoloration and faint smudges, characteristic of old paper. The left edge of the page is bound, showing the stitching and the inner cover material. There is no text or other markings on the page.



## Here and There.

A French physician announces that a man can live without lungs. There are men living in this country without either heart or bowels, and any number of them are getting along without brains.

There is far more satisfaction in a woman going to market herself than by doing this part by proxy. It is genuine satisfaction to pick out the choicest and best for home consumption, and besides that in seeing so much, many new dishes are suggested that would not be thought of if the buying were done by telephone or through the medium of a third party.

A Vermont society belle was recently married to a colored hotel porter in Saratoga. In cases of this kind the woman is always a "leading society belle" and the groom invariably "has thousands of dollars." They are never in ordinary circumstances. If they were the correspondent would be unable to weave a romance out of the incident.

Twenty-six vagrants at Pomona, Cal. captured a train, and upon the engineer's threat to turn the hose on them declared that if he did so they would kill him. The tramp does not object particularly to kicks, and a whack more or less with a coupling pin does not distress him. But he knows his constitutional rights and objects to the cruel and unusual punishment of water.

A new field is being opened in England for women. The mother country is going to make soldiers of her women, and a brigade has been recruited exclusively from the gentler sex. The women are said to be fine shots and possessed of sufficient nerve in battle, but the male population will never be convinced that a woman will make a good soldier until it is illustrated how she can retreat and at the same time keep her hat on straight.

Hospital physicians having caused a deep sleep to fall upon an Irish patient, deprived him of seven patches of hide for the benefit of a peeled Frenchman in an adjacent ward. The process of skinning a man alive had heretofore been regarded as figurative, and its status in law, to be established through a suit brought by the Irishman, will be watched with interest. If a man cannot control the disposition of his own cuticle human rights are narrowing to an imperceptible point.

About all there is in life is a good night's sleep, says the Atchison Globe. Instead of worrying and fretting for fame, a man should conduct himself in such a manner during the day that he will sleep well at night. If a man will behave himself, and sleep well, he need not worry about his future; he will succeed in everything that is desirable very much better than those who do not behave themselves, and consequently, do not sleep well. The real secret of life is good conduct. It brings all the rewards that are worth having.

Indians belonging to a Wild West show on Staten Island have got their manager into trouble by stealing a valuable pug dog and utilizing him as the piece de resistance in an aboriginal banquet. People who live in flats and who have been made miserable day and night by the howls and yelps of pampered pugs will sympathize with the Wild West manager. Indeed, if he has any open dates he can undoubtedly fill them all in Chicago, provided his Indians will undertake to decrease the visible supply of pugs as rapidly as possible.

Several London newspapers have been entertaining their readers lately by a lively controversy over the respective size and beauty of the feet of English and American women. Some editors, in the face of overwhelming evidence, confess that English feet are out of running in such a controversy and console themselves by asserting that the feet of Englishmen are far more shapely than those of their American brothers. There have been many indignant protests against even this admission. The shoe dealers, when assured that they may speak incog., regrettably admit that they are unable to fit the trim American foot with any shoe ready made for the fat and flat feet of English women.

Some forty or fifty years ago the catacombs of Paris were the objects of daily visits, and the sight was one which every visitor to Paris felt called upon to see. Accidents, however, frequently took place, and at present no one enters the catacombs except at certain periods of the year, when the engineers have to make a formal report as to their condition. The ventilation is effected by means of numerous holes communicating with the upper air. The names of visitors are called over before they go down and again when they come up. The general aspect of the place is not so solemn as might be imagined. It suggests rather a vast wine cellar, in which the cases inclose bones instead of bottles. The relics of 4,000,000 persons now repose there. This subterranean city contains streets and passages like the city above.

## Farmer's Picnic.

The Farmer's annual basket picnic will be held at Whitmore Lake, a delightful summer resort with good hotel accommodations, on Saturday, August 25th.

It is expected the nominees for Governor of all political parties represented in Michigan will be present.

Half fare rates will undoubtedly be secured on all railroads.

A cordial invitation is hereby extended to every one. By order of the committee.

HENRY C. WALDRON, President.

R. C. REEVES, Secretary.

## Latest.

A really original lie is always welcome—one that doesn't concern itself with the size of a fish, or the swiftness of a horse, or veracity of a pig, or persuasiveness of a cyclone, but something really new.

Such a story comes from grand old Kentucky. A Hazard man lost \$16 from his inside pocket recently. He concluded an \$8 calf must have eaten it, and concluded to play a two-to-one chance on it by eating the calf. Recovered the money in the calf's stomach, too, he did, and sent it to Cincinnati for redemption at the sub-treasury. That calf ought to have recognized the root of all evil before musing it up so.

## The Conscience Fund.

The "Conscience Fund" has figured in the statements of the treasury department for over 80 years. It was opened by the register of the treasury department in 1811, and appears in the general fund of the government under the head of miscellaneous receipts. Like other assets of the treasury it can be used for any purpose that congress may deem proper. Its origin was due to the fact that away back in the beginning of the present century some unknown person began to feel the sharp thrusts of his conscience. In some way he had defrauded the government, and could find relief only by returning the money to the treasury. This was the beginning of the account showing the receipts of money by the government from unknown persons. Since then the fund has been accumulating in large and small sums, until at the present time it aggregates nearly two hundred and seventy thousand dollars. Remittances are received nearly every week, and frequently two or three times a week. During the prevalence of the hard times the receipts have fallen off considerably, and sometimes a fortnight elapses before a communication is received, showing that even a man's conscience can feel the effect of tight money.

## Spend Your Outing On The Great Lakes.

Visit picturesque Mackinac Island. It will only cost you about \$12.50 from Detroit; \$15 from Toledo; \$18 from Cleveland, for the round trip, including meals and berths. Avoid the heat and dust by traveling on the D. & C. floating palaces. The attractions of a trip to the Mackinac region are unsurpassed. The island itself is a grand romantic spot, its climate most invigorating. Two new steel passenger steamers have just been built for the upper lake route, costing \$300,000 each. They are equipped with every modern convenience, annunciators, bath-rooms, etc., illuminated throughout by electricity, and are guaranteed to be the grandest, largest and safest steamers on fresh water. These steamers favorably compare with the great ocean liners in construction and speed. Four trips per week between Toledo, Detroit, Alpena, Mackinac, St. Ignace, Petoskey, Chicago, "Soo," Marquette and Duluth. Daily between Cleveland and Detroit. Daily between Cleveland and Put-in-Bay. The cabins, parlors and state-rooms of these steamers are designed for the complete entertainment of humanity under home conditions; the palatial equipment, the luxury of the appointment makes traveling on these steamers thoroughly enjoyable. Send for illustrated descriptive pamphlet. Address A. A. SCHAKTZ, G. P. & T. A. D. & C. Detroit, Mich.

## Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by F. P. Glazier & Co.

## For Sale.

A perfect family horse, answer well for third horse. Will exchange for a cow, a yearling colt or sheep.

JOHN C. TAYLOR.

A fashion paper says that the prettiest of the new prayer books are of white morocco bound in silver. There is style in piety as well as in other things.

## Live Stock Points.

The collected experience of many shows that corn cut in the glazing stage, stalks and ears together, is the best to be packed away for ensilage. The stalks do best cut in short pieces, too, not more than a hand's length.

The medium sized Dent corn has a high nutritive value for ensilage. Sorghum makes perhaps the richest ensilage of all, and it stays green longer, so that it need not be cut so early, but it must be fed with some caution at first.

Green clover makes good silage and contains more protein than corn.

France was the first country to discover the value of ensilage.

If your ewes refuse to own their lambs, tie them up for a few days and feed and water them well; then they will come round.

Breeders who deal with large numbers of sheep should always have in the sheep barn facilities for making a fire, either a furnace and boiler or stove of some kind. Stones kept hot during all the time the lambs are coming, so that they may be wrapped in pieces of blanket or flannel and laid close to the chilled lambs, may save many a valuable sheep for you.

Whenever a horse is at rest for a few weeks, pull off his shoes and let his feet rest too.

Two quarts of oats with two or three ears of corn and all the hay he wants make a good ration for an idle horse in the winter.

For a horse that rubs its tail the following cure is recommended: Half an ounce of Fowler's solution of arsenic three times a day for a week. Wash around the roots of the tail and apply the following: Sugar of lead, 1 ounce; glycerin, 6 ounces; dilute acetic acid, 1 ounce, water to make a pint.

For a track horse's foot in winter nothing is better than cold water to relieve a fevered condition. It may either be sprayed upon the hoof from a hose or the foot may be frequently and freely washed with wet sponges.

## Four Big Successes.

Having the needed merit to more than make good all the advertising claimed for them, the following four remedies have reached a phenomenal sale. Dr. King's New Discovery, for consumption, Coughs and Colds, each bottle guaranteed—Electric Bitters, the great remedy for Liver, Stomach and Kidneys, Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the best in the world, and Dr. King's New Life Pills, which are a perfect pill. All these remedies are guaranteed to do just what is claimed for them and the dealer whose name is attached herewith will be glad to tell you more of them. Sold at F. P. Glazier & Co's. Drug store.

## Markets.

Chelsea, Aug. 1, 1894.

Eggs, per dozen	09c
Butter, per pound	12c
Oats, per bushel	35c
Corn, per bushel	25c
Wheat, per bushel	48c
Potatoes, per bushel	85c
Apples, per bushel	1.00
Onions, per bushel	1.40
Beans, per bushel	\$1.50

## PATENTS

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of either sex, any age, in any part of the country, at the employment which we furnish. You need not be away from home over night. You can give your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. As capital is not required you run no risk. We supply you with all that is needed. It will cost you nothing to try the business. Any one can do the work. Beginners make money from the start. Failure is unknown with our workers. Every hour you labor you can easily make a dollar. No one who is willing to work fails to make more money every day than can be made in three days at any ordinary employment. Send for free book containing the fullest information.

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SPECIALISTS ON

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and all BLOOD DISEASES such as

Scrofula, Erysipelas, Fever Sores, Abscesses, Tumors, Ulcers, Goitre, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Eczema, Catarrh, Bronchitis, Dyspepsia, Piles, Rheumatism, Etc.

Will be at

Chelsea, House, Chelsea, Mich.,

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 8th, 1894.

Consultation and Examination Free.

N. B.—The Doctor would like especial to see any who have heretofore used his medicines. Special attention given to women and children.

## Grape Leaf Baking Powder.

Ann Arbor, Mich., April 18, 1894.

Geo G. Harris Mfg. Co., Ypsilanti, Mich.

Dear Sirs—I can recommend your powder to be unexcelled by any powder in the market. To people who use nothing but first-class articles, Grape Leaf never fails to please.

The highest proof we can give you that we consider it the best, is that we use it exclusively in our bakery. Respectfully,

BROWN & CADY.

P. S.—Will say that you can use our name at any time in recommending Grape Leaf.—C. H. C.

Ask Your Grocer For It.

## WONDERFUL CURES!

THOMAS MINCHIN.

MAJOR W. A. SIMFIELD.



Before Treatment. After Treatment.

**Nervous Debility and Catarrh Cured.**  
Thomas Minchin says: "I was reduced to a nervous wreck—only weighed 118 pounds. The result of early abuse was the cause. I had the following symptoms: Miserable mental and physical melancholy, nervousness, weakness, specks before the eyes, dizzy, poor memory, palpitation of the heart, flushing, cold hands and feet, weak back, dreams and losses at night, tired in the morning, pimples on the face, loss of ambition, burning sensation, kidneys weak etc. Doctors could not cure me; but Dr. Kennedy & Kergan by their New Method Treatment, cured me in a few weeks. I weigh now 170 pounds. It is three years since I have taken their treatment."



Before Treatment. After Treatment.

**Blood Disease and Dyspepsia Cured.**  
Major Simfield says: "I had Dyspepsia and Catarrh of the Stomach for many years. To make matters worse I contracted a Constitutional Blood Disease. My bones ached. Blisters on the skin looked horrible. I tried sixteen doctors in all. A friend recommended Dr. Kennedy & Kergan. I began their New Method Treatment and in a few weeks was a new man with renewed life and ambition. I cannot say too much for those scientific doctors who have been in Detroit for fourteen years. I conversed with hundreds of patients in their offices who were being cured for different diseases. I recommend them as honest and reliable Physicians."

## DRS. KENNEDY & KERGAN

The Celebrated Specialists of Detroit, Mich.

**TREAT AND GUARANTEE TO CURE** Catarrh; Asthma; Bronchitis; Consumption (1st and 2nd stages); Rheumatism; Neuralgia; Nervous, Blood and Skin diseases; Stomach and Heart diseases; Tapeworm; Piles; Rupture; Impotency; Deafness; Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat; Epilepsy; Diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder; Errors of Youth; Falling Manhood; Diseases of the Sexual Organs; Female Weakness; Diseases of Men and Women, and Chronic Diseases in general. They cure when others fail!

**ONLY CURABLE CASES ARE TAKEN FOR TREATMENT** THEIR NEW METHOD TREATMENT knows the world over, is curing diseases of every nature that has baffled heretofore the medical profession. They are not "family doctors"—they make a specialty of Chronic and difficult diseases.

**DISEASES OF MEN.** They guarantee to cure all Weakness of Men arising from self abuse, later excesses or disease. Young man, you need help. Drs. K. & K. will cure you. You may have been treated by Quacks—consult Scientific Doctors. No cure, no pay. Consult them.

**DISEASES OF WOMEN.** Why suffer in silence? They can cure you. Displacements, Irregularity, and painful periods cured in a short time. Renewed vitality given. Illustrated Book Free. Inclose stamp.

**SPECIAL DISEASES.** Syphilis, Gonorrhea, Stricture, Gleet, Unnatural Discharges, Private diseases, Stricture, Syphilis, and all blood diseases guaranteed cured or no pay. 14 years in Detroit—150,000 cures—National reputation. Books free—Consultation free—Names confidential. If unable to call, write for a list of questions and advice free.

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